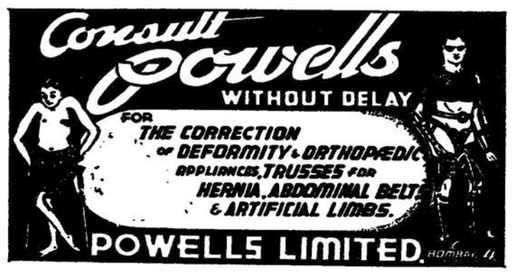
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POWELLS LIMITED.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta.

VOL. XXXVI NO. 144 | BOMBAY: MONDAY, JUNE 21, 1948 | Price: 2 ANNAS

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Farewell To Mountbatten

15 MONTHS OF HISTORY

The Mountbattens Leave India Today

NEW DELHI, June 20 (A.P.I.) : Tomorrow Lord Louis Mountbatten last Viceroy of Undivided India and first Governor-General of Free India lays down the reigns of office after a brief Period of fifteen months crowded with history.

At eight o'clock tomorrow morning, accompanied by Lady Mountbatten and Lady Pamela Mountbatten, he takes off for England from Palem aerodrome.

Lord and Lady Mountbatten leave India at the height of their popularity achieved not only by the historic part the Governor-General had played in the transfer of power by Britain to India, but by the way they both completely identified themselves with the Indian people in their moment of great rejoicing — attainment of independence — and their moment of great sorrow — death of Mahatma Gandhi.

For the last four weeks Lord and Lady Mountbatten have been attending a round of farewell functions held in their honour, and tonight on the eve of their departure the Indian Cabinet entertained them at dinner at Government House.

Bhansali Starts Satyagraha

BEZWADA, June 20 (UPI): Professor Bhansali has crossed into the Nizam's territory from the village of Gosavidu in the Krishna District and commenced Satyagraha as a protest against the alleged atrocities committed by Razakars and the Nizam's police on women, says a report received here. He is accompanied by fourteen Satyagrahis.

FINANCIAL CRISIS IN SPAIN

LONDON, June 20 (UPA)—Faced with great financial instability with a mounting toll of company failures and rising unemployment the Franco Government are frantically attempting to obtain dollar credit from the United States, according to reports reaching London.

The reports state that the Spanish banks are now refusing to grant new credits to private industry and calling in those already granted. As a result the outstanding contracts with manufacturers are being cancelled and industrialists already faced with shortage of raw materials are now finding themselves in serious difficulties.

This situation will lead to the bankruptcy of a number of undertakings with a consequent rise in unemployment which has been further aggravated by decline in public works programmes.

Spanish democratic circles point out that the political effects of the economic crisis have been considerably mitigated by the fact that France and Britain, two of the three signatories of the Tripartite Note of March, 1946, condemning General Franco, concluded various Trade Agreements with Spain. They urge for revision and strengthening of the Tripartite Note now so that General Franco shall not only formally be condemned but also be effectively isolated.

100,000 PEOPLE PAY THEIR TRIBUTES

Ivory Statue Of Mahatma In Silver Casket Presented

NEW DELHI, June 20, (A.P.I.): Over one lakh citizens of Delhi today gave a farewell to Lord and Lady Mountbatten at a public reception arranged in Gandhi Grounds by the Delhi Municipal Committee.

Speaking a few words in Hindi, Lord Mountbatten said: "We have come here to bid you goodbye and to tell you how sad we are at leaving you. Our hearts will remain with you always.

Continuing in English, Lord Mountbatten said: "I need hardly say what a thrilling experience it is to be here today and to see the enormous crowds who have gathered here to greet us. But I must, first of all, thank you, Mr. President, for the very kind way you have received my wife and me and for the most generous and flattering phrases in which you have referred to our work out here. As I have said on other occasions, all of you have been so kind and friendly to us during our 15 months that it would not have been possible for us to have done anything out to give of our best in return.

"In conclusion, therefore, may I say on behalf of my wife and myself, thank you and all good fortune to you personally and to India in the future."

THEY SERVED INDIA

Pandit Jawharlal Nehru who also made a brief speech, said that the huge crowds collected their bore testimony to the high esteem and great affection in which the people of India held Lord and Lady Mountbatten.

GIFT TO MOUNTBATTEN

Lord Mountbatten wat presented with a silver casket with a relief map of India on the surface of the wooden platform, in centre of the casket stood a fifteen inch statue in ivory of Mahatma Gandhi and on one side of the wooden frame were engraved Pandit Nehru's words on Gandhiji; on Gandhiji;

"Where he sat became the temple "Where he walked hallowed ground".

RUSH TO PLATFORM

The crowd which had been collecting in the Gandhi grounds since early hours of the afternoon cheered warmly when Lord and Lady Mountbatten, accompanied by the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, ascended the gayly decorated dais. As the Governor-General saluted the people and Lady Mountbatten said "Namaskar", the enthusiastic crowd rushed to the dias breaking away all barriers and cordons and for a few moments it became almost impossible for the police and the civic guards to keep the situation under control.

At the end of the function when Lord Mountbatten left the place in an open car thousands of people ran after it shouting "Mountbatten-ki-Jai."

The function was attended by Ministers of the Central Government and other prominent citizens of Delhi.

'Hum Apse Bida Hote Hain'

NEW DELHI, June 20 (UPI)—Speaking in Hindi, in reply to a civic reception given to Their Excellencies this evening, Lord Mountbatten said:

"Delhi ke nivaseeo—. Main aur Shrimati bahut khush hain ke is same par itni bari party jamao nut hai. Ham dono ap se wida hote hain. Is judai se ham dono ko bara ranj hai. Lekar apki dosti aur prem hamesha hamare dil mein rahega. Mai Hindi nahin janta hun. Is liye main pura bhashan Hindi mein nahin kar sakta. Baqi Angrezi mein bolunga. Mein aur Shrimati ap ka dhanyavad karte hain. Ishwar ap ki sahaita kare."

Goodbye To India

NEW DELHI, June 20, (A. P. I.): Lord Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, farewell message broadcast from All India Radio tonight said that India was destined to fill a high place in the world and to play a high part in world's affairs.

"India", Lord Mountbatten added, "has a great history behind her—and she has a great history ahead of her. She has many problems, grave problems, such as would be bound to face anl nation suddenly achieving freedom—but manified in her case by the fact that this freedom has been attained at a time of unparalleled world-wide difficulties, and in a country that contains nearly one sixth of the human race. But I know that she will solve these problems and her difficulties will be surmounted.

WHEN HE ARRIVED

When I was first asked to interrupt my naval career to become the last Viceroy of India, I must confess that I viewed the prospect with considerable trepidation. After serving in South East Asia from 1943 to 1946, during all of which time I had a Rear Headquarters in Delhi, I felt that I could to some extent appreciate the complexity of the situation which would confront the Viceroy on whom the task of transferring power would fall. But when I arrived out in India and was able to see the problem for myself at close quarters, it appeared to present even more difficulties than I had supposed.

There was one bright feature, however, in the general gloom—and it was perhaps the most important feature that one could have wished for. This was the determination of all those with whom I had to deal—whether they were leaders in the political field or in any other walk of life—that a realistic solution could and must be found. And from the moment that I arrived, difficulties which had seemed insurmountable began to melt in the atmosphere of mutual trust and goodwill with which the leaders combined to help me in my task.

INVITATION TO STAY

I can never say with what emotion I received the invitation, (which was generously ratified by the Constituent Assembly as its first act during the midnight meeting of the 14th/15th August) to be the first constitutional Governor-General of free India during the interim period. I gladly agreed to stay on until the 31st March 1948

(Continued on page 5)

300 RAZAKARS RAID VILLAGE

SHOLAPUR, June 20, (A.P.I.): A gang of about 300 Razakars attacked the village of Musti, about 15 miles from Sholapur, on Friday evening.

The raiders who came in motor lorries opened fire on the villagers who, assisted by Indian police offered strong resistance. In an engagement lasting an hour the villagers and Indian police killed ten Razakars and wounded many others There were no casualties among the villagers or the Indian police.

Mountbatten's Appeal To Nizam

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 20, (A.P.I.): It is understood that Lord Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, sent a telegram to the Nizam on June 18 appealing to him to enter into an honourable arrangement with the Indian Union on the basis of the draft agreement released to the press by the Premier of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, on June 17.

The Nizam, replying to Lord Mountbatten while thanking the Governor-General for his past good offices in the case of Hyderabad and his deep concern over the future of Indo-Hyderabad relations, is understood to have stated that he found no reasons to reject the advice tendered to him by his council of Ministers in this regard.

(SEE PAGE 6

INDIA WILL REMEMBER HIM WITH AFFECTION

Cabinet Message To Mountbatten On Eve Of Retirement

NEW DELHI, June 20 (A.P.I.) : A meeting of the Cabinet held on June 18 asked the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, to convey a message to Lord Mountbatten. The message said: "Lord Mountbatten's period of office has been memorable in the history of India and he will be remembered by the people of India with affection as one who co-operated in the great task of building a Free India and who applied his great abilities and energy to this end."

Following is the text of the letter from the Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, to His Excellency Lord Mountbatten dated June 18:—

"MY DEAR LORD MOUNTBATTEN:—"At the meeting of the Cabinet today I was asked to convey the following message to you. I gladly do so. You will believe me, I am sure, that this is not just a formal message on behalf of the Government of India, but is a real expression of our affection and gratitude to you and our sorrow at your departure. Yours Very Sincerely. SD. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU".

"This period was one of upheaval and great difficulties. When all those who were concerned with the Government of India, had to carry a heavy burden, Lord Mountbatten, functioning completely as a constitutional Governor-General, nevertheless helped greatly in lightening that burden and in helping to face and solve the problems that confronted the country. His period of office has been memorable in the history of India and he will be remembered by the people of India with affection as one who co-operated in the great task of building a Free India and who applied his great abilities and energy to this end.

"The Cabinet also wish to record their deep gratitude to Lady Mountbatten for her magnificent work in the cause of suffering humanity in India.

"The Cabinet trust that the bonds of friendship and co-operation in common task which have been forged will not weaken even after the departure of Lord and Lady Mountbatten from India. The Cabinet desire to convey their good wishes to Lord and Lady Mountbatten for the future".

H. E. Lord Mountbatten replied:—

"MY DEAR PRIME MINISTER: Thank you for your letter of June 18 conveying the message of the Cabinet on our departure. I never thought that the day would come when I would be emotionally moved by any Cabinet resolution, but this is exactly what your resolution has done to me. I particularly appreciate the kind terms in which the tribute to my wife has been paid. We will keep this copy among the most treasured possessions in the family archives.

"I should be grateful if you would convey our deep appreciation and thanks to the members of your Cabinet, and inform them that it has been an inspiration and privilege to have been allowed to work with them during the stirring times through which India has passed.

"We wish India the greatest possible success in the future. Yours Very Truly, SD. MOUNTBATTEN OF BURMA.

'C. R.' Arrives In The Capital

TAKES OVER TO-DAY

NEW DELHI, June 20, (A.P.I.). Mr. Chakravarty Rajagopalachari, Governor-General Designate, arrived here this evening by a special plane from Calcutta.

A few minutes before his plane arrived, there was a welcome shower of rain which considerably relieved the sultriness of the weather.

The Governor-General designate's plane touched down at Palam punctually at 4 p.m.

As Mr. Rajagopalachari stepped out of his plane smiling and greeting with folded hands, he was received by the Governor-General's Military Secretary, Col. D. H. Currie. The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru walked up to the aircraft and shook hands with him. The Governor-General Designate was then introduced by the Prime Minister to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, the President of the Constituent Assembly, Ministers of the Government, the Commander-in-Chief, India, General F. R. R. Bucher, the Flag Officer Commanding R.I.N. and the Air Officer Commanding, R.I.A.F., the G.O.C.-in-Chief, Western Command, the Chief Commissioner of Delhi, the Delhi Area Commander, the Inspector-General of Police and the Air Force Station Commander.

The Governor-General-Designate was then presented with a guard of honour by units of the Indian army, navy and air forces. A military band was in attendance.

After inspection of the guard of honour, Mr. Rajagopalachari drove to Government House followed by the Prime Minister.

Alighting in front of the porch at the main entrance to Government House, Mr. Rajagopalachari inspected a guard of honour provided by the 6/5th Gurkha Rifles, Central Reserve Police and the band of the 6/5 Gurkha Rifles.

Mr. Rajagopalachari then ascended the steps lined on either side by dismounted men of the Governor-General's bodyguard.

MOUNTBATTENS' WELCOME

On the top of the great steps leading to the Durbar Hall stood the Governor-General Lord Mountbatten and Lady Mountbatten and behind them were the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, and the Governor-General's daughter, Lady Pamela Mountbatten. As Mr. Rajagopalachari climbed the steps, Lord and Lady Mountbatten greeted him in the traditional Indian style with folded hands, and then saluted him. The Governor-General and Lady Mountbatten warmly shook hands with Mr. Rajagopalachari and asked if he had a comfortable journey. Then Pandit Nehru also greeted him.

The Governor-general putting his arm over Mr. Rajagopalachari's shoulder conducted him into the north wing, the living appartments of the Governor-General.

A small crowd watching the ceremony broke all precedents and followed the Governor-General and the Governor-General-Designate up to the ball room.

Rajaji Leaves Calcutta: Takes Off To Delhi

CALCUTTA, June 20 (API): The Governor-General-designate of India, Sri Rajagopalachari, left Government House at 9 this morning for Dum Dum aerodrome "en route" to Delhi. He was accompanied by his son, C. Narashimhan, daughter, Srimati Namagiri, and Military Secretary, Lt. Col. B. Chaterjee.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

SPECIAL RECRUITMENT BOARD

NOTICE

IN CLARIFICATION of certain points appearing in the advertisement which appeared in the Press recently and in the Press Note dated the 3rd June 1948 regarding the emergency recruitment to the Indian Administrative Service, the Indian Police Service and certain gazetted posts in the Central Secretariat, the following notice is published for general information:-

I. PARA. 1 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.

The prescribed application fee is payable along with the application and will not be refunded on any account once it is paid.

II. PARA. 2 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.

(a) A Pass graduate of a University which does not classify successful candidates for the Pass Degree will be deemed to have obtained a second class degree if he satisfies the Special Recruitment Board that he secured at least 50 per cent of the total marks.

(b) Pass graduates of Universities which classify successful candidates separately in three parts will be deemed to have obtained that class which they obtain in their optional subjects.

(c) The degree referred to in the Advertisement must be a degree in Arts or Science of one of the Universities recognised by the Federal Public Service Commission.

(d) A degree held in a professional or vocational subject shall NOT render a candidate eligible for being considered for appointment.

III. PARA. 3 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.

Candidates born between the Second January 1921 and 1st of August 1921 may also apply.

IV. PARA. 9 OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.

The Special procedure mentioned in this paragraph applies only to those Provincial Civil and Provincial Police Services, members of which were eligible in the past for listed appointments to executive posts in the Indian Civil Service and for appointment to the Indian Police respectively and will, hereafter, be eligible for promotion to the Indian Administrative Service and the Indian Police Service respectively. Officers of all other Provincial Services, including Provincial Judicial Services should follow the ordinary procedure mentioned in paragraph 10.

V. No relaxation of any qualification prescribed in the Advertisement is permissible in respect of War Service candidates.

VI. With reference to the statement made in the Press Note of the 3rd June 1948, it is notified for information of the persons concerned that

(a) candidates who obtained high ranks in the I.C.S. and I.A. & A.S. Examinations since 1938, and have not obtained permanent appointment as a result thereof;

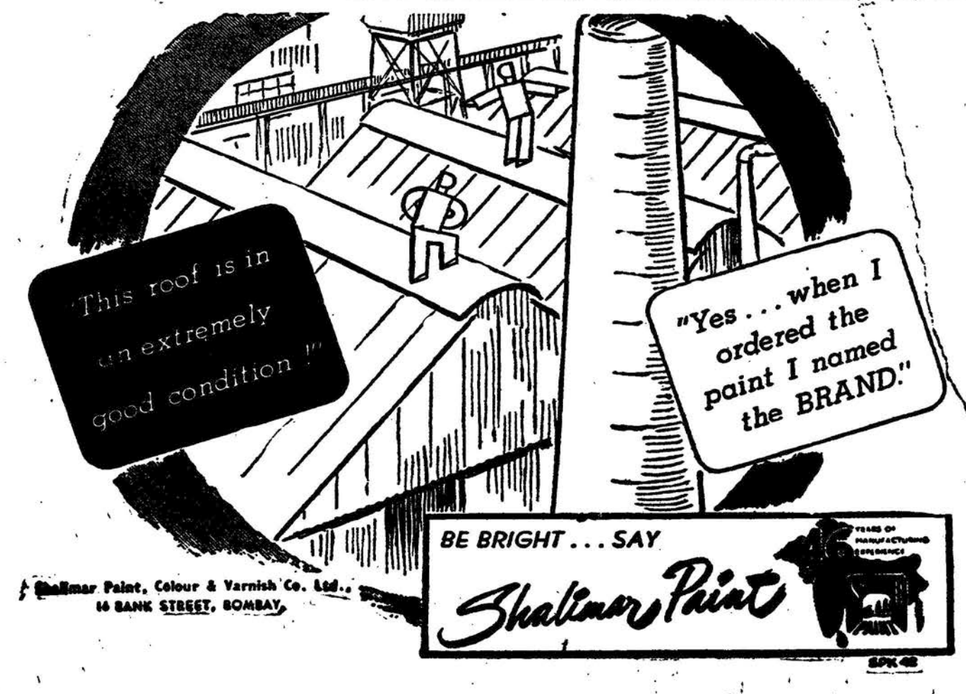
(b) officers who have been appointed to the General Administrative Reserve or have been recommended by the Federal Public Service Commission for such appointments; and

(c) candidates recommended by the Federal Public Service Commission for appointment to the Indian Foreign Service but not appointed to that Service;

have been informed individually that they may apply in the prescribed form even if they do not strictly fulfil the qualifications prescribed in the advertisement. If any such person has not received this intimation due to change of address not notified to the authorities he may now submit his application in the prescribed form or make further enquiries of the Special Recruitment Board.

S. C. DUTT.
Secretary
Special Recruitment Board.

NEW DELHI,
17th June 1948.


"This roof is in an extremely good condition !"
"Yes . . . when I ordered the paint I named the BRAND."
BE BRIGHT . . . SAY
Shalimar Paint
Shalimar Paint, Colour & Varnish Co. Ltd.,
14 BANK STREET, BOMBAY.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

To Be Paid In Advance

MATRIMONIAL

Deccani Brahmin youth wants to marry fair beautiful Brahmin virgin below 17 Apply Box No. 8916 "Bombay Chronicle."

Matches for three girls 16, 20, 30 years. Well educated & pretty Correspond with Lady Manager, Marriage Gazette, Barna Street, Saddar Bazar, Delhi. 7

Wanted matches—Maratha virgin girl, 21, English 5th and two uneducated widows below thirty. Write Marriage Bulletin, Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. (8993A)

PERSONAL ADLETS

Engineering College Student appeals for finance from kindly ladies and gentlemen. Please write to Box No. 9014 "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Clerk/Typist, knowing Office routine, 4 years experience required. Pay 100/- including dearness. Maharashtrian preferred. Apply Box No. 8985 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Mechanics with electrical experience for maintenance and repair of electrically operated Typewriters. Apply Box No. 311 "Bombay Chronicle".

M. T. B. College, Surat:- Wanted a Lecturer in French up to 19-6-1949 and a graduate Physical Instructor at least Kandivali trained in a leave vacancy up to 28-9-1948. Apply to the Principal by 25th stating age, experience, qualifications and minimum salary. (268)

Wanted Graduates, strong in Languages, undergraduates (one with Persian, preferred) and a Drawing Teacher. Pay ac. to qualifications and D.A. Apply to the President, Education Society, Chavdi, Hansot (Dist. Broach). (8972)

Wanted trained graduates to teach higher standards, in the grade of 80-10|2-180 plus Rs. 25 D.A. Benefit of P.F. Higher start to the experienced and deserving candidate. Apply to The Secretary The Vakal Education Society, Mobha Road, (Padra). (275)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for new Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Coures for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. 9009

MEDICAL ADLETS

Cobracane for T. B. All forms. Literature on request. Apply Acme Trading Co., Hyderabad-Dn. (8757)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

Applications are invited from Genuine buyers for Andheri Gilbert Hill area, sea facing front excellent properties, with good residential accommodation and with great potentialities of relative suitable developments, extentions, and highly valuable improvements 9013

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Following Textile Machineries—2-Sizing Machines, 1-Gas Singeing Machine, 2-High Pressure Kiers, 2-Bleach Croft Washing Machines, 1-Cast Iron Chemic Pump, 1-Brass and Sour Pump, 2-Wet Piling Apparatus, 1-Scucher, 1-Three Bowl Water Mangle, 1-Finishing Range (Drying Machine), 1-Non-Jig Stenter, 1-Spray Damping Machine, 1-Seven Bowl Friction Calender, 1-Three Bowl Heavy Friction Calender, 1-Three Bowl Padding Mangle, 4-Universal Dye Jiggers, 1-Sixteen Cylinder Drying Machine, 4-Folding Machines, 1-Stamping Machines and 1-Hydro-Extractor. Apply to Modi Spinning & Weaving Mills Co., Ltd., Modinagar with full particulars. (299)

Wanted a new or secondhand Lancashire Boiler, present working pressure, no less than 160 lbs. and a complete Ice Plant with a capacity of 20 tons. Apply to Modi Ginning & Oil Mills., Patiala with full particulars. (182)

AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents in all important places to enlist Subscribers and to secure Advertisements for Ladies Herald, the most popular English monthly on attractive terms. A deposit of Rs. 25 necessary, Apply: Manager, "Ladies Herald", Madras 21. (256)

Wanted Agents to sell our high quality hair Cutting Machine in every City and Town. Ask for samples and Agency terms. Willington Trading Co., 11/42, Gwaltoli, Kanpur (U.P.). (116)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Sterling Chemical & Pharmaceutical Works Ltd. Write for Particulars 302/1 Upper Circular Rd Calcutta. 8136

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Those plain and printed ever-glazed American Chintz you were waiting for have arrived. Call early to have the pick of the lot. Raval Tiles & Marble, Ltd., 97A, Queen's Road, Bombay 1. 6778

PUBLIC NOTICES

COTTON WASTE FOR SALE

DHANRAJ MILLS LTD. will receive tenders for the sale of Cotton Waste against cash deposit of Rs. 200/-. Particulars of the same will be available beforehand at their Office at Sun Mill Road, Lower Parel: Bombay, 13. Tenders should be submitted on 28th June, 1948, between 12 noon and 5 P.M. (S.T.). 9015

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for the supply of Wooden Handles. Tender form and Drawing obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13 at Rs. 2/8/- per set, not refundable. Money order or Cash only. Closing date Wednesday the 7th July, 1948, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) (220)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

BOOKING OF CHARCOAL FUEL

THE G.I.P. RAILWAY Administration announces that on and from 1-7-1948 Charcoal Fuel in wagon loads will be charged in local booking at lumpsum rates ORL on a floor area basis. The flour area is painted on all wagons used for this traffic. 305

LOST!

ON 15.6.1948, between V.T. and Bombay Central, 3 POLICIES, bearing Nos. 19897, 28494 and 28495 on the life of J.R. HIRANANDANI. Finder please return to ILACO HOUSE, Sir P.M. Road, Fort, Bombay. 302

NOTICE

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED BOMBAY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank of India Limited will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 8th July, 1948 to SATURDAY, the 24th July, 1948, (both days inclusive).

Dividend will be payable on and after Saturday the 31st July, 1948.

Bombay, 21st June, 1948.

A.C. CLARKE
General Manager. 301

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. COMMITTEE

SEALED TENDERS for the supply of Paints will be received by the Chief Storekeeper upto noon on Monday the 28th June, 1948.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, on personal application, but not by post. 309

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. COMMITTEE

APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER

APPLICATIONS are invited from persons with the necessary qualifications for the post of DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER of the Electric supply, tramways and omnibus undertakings.

Salary Rs. 2,000-100-2,500.

Dearness Allowance Rs. 150 per month for the first year, Rs. 50 per month for the second year. Thereafter no Dearness Allowance.

Motor Car Allowance Rs. 200 per month.

Applicants called for interview will be required to attend at their own expense.

Applicants should preferably be not more than 45 years of age and should possess one or more of the following qualifications:

(a) Administrative experience of not less than ten years preferably in a large public utility undertakings;
(b) Corporate Membership of an Engineering Institution incorporated by Royal Charter and experience of not less than five years in a senior executive post in a large electric supply undertaking or a large transportation undertaking:
(c) Other suitable administrative and|or executive experience.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the General Manager, Bombay Municipality, B.E.S. & T. Committee, Electric House, Fort, Bombay, No. 1, not later than 10th July, 1948. 307

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES & SUPPLIES

(India).

Office of the Development Officer (Metals).

Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL.
IMPORT OF METALS FROM JAPAN.

PRIVATE IMPORTS of metals are now permitted from Japan. It is understood that some quantities of Japanese Zinc are immediately available for export. Intending Importers should forth-with get in touch with Japanese exporters direct or with Indian Liaison Mission Tokyo for booking orders. As usual applications for import licences should be submitted to the Development officer (Metals).

The 2nd June, 1948.

(Sd|-) D. P. ANTIA
Development Officer
(Metals)
(269)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES COMPANY LIMITED.

Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM our PATRONS and CUSTOMERS that the STORES will remain CLOSED on TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, the 29th and 30th June, 1948, on account of ANNUAL STOCK taking.

P. C. JHALA,
Ag: Manager. 8950

NOTICE

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of Waste (Hard and Soft) from The India United Mills, Ltd., No. 1 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) on Wednesday, the 23rd June, 1948, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SEALED TENDERS in double covers are invited for purchase and removal of Admiralty Floating Dock, Concrete (No. 57) situated at Cocanada Port.

SUPERSCRIBE REFERENCE:—Tender No. RCM|2818|MN-7.
LAST DATE DUE:—By 3 P.M. on 15th July, 1948.
PUBLIC OPENING OF TENDER:—4 P.M. on 15th July 1948.
OFFER TO REMAIN OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE UP TO:—14th August 1948.
EARNEST MONEY:—An amount of not less than 10 per cent of the tender to be deposited in the Imperial Bank|Reserve Bank|Government Treasury in favour of Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Madras and the chalan or the receipt attached to the tender.
RESERVE PRICE:- Rs. 75.000|-.

Sales are subject to terms and conditions as in form Con. 117 which can be seen at all Disposals Offices.

BLANK Tender Forms with set of quantities, instructions to tenderers, sale conditions, etc. can be obtained from the REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), MADRAS, on payment in cash or by Money Order of Rs. 5|- per set of two tender forms, or can be perused at the office during working hours. Tender fee is not REFUNDABLE and Tender Form is not TRANSFERABLE.

Permits to inspect the stores may be obtained on application from this office.

Issued by
THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS), MADRAS. (292)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special Items costing over Rs. 10,000|-.
CLASS I CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, E. I. Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon 12-7-48.

Tender No. S|NSC|48|919 for the supply of P.I.L.C. D.S.T.A. Cables.

Tender with full particulars can be had from the office of the Controller of Stores, E. I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2|- per copy to the Treasurer, E.I. Rly., 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores, direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Dy. General Manager (Works) room by the Tenderer or by his representative. Tenderers may however present themselves at the time of opening of the Tender.

GENERAL MANAGER. 306

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF ARCHITECTURE, SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 29-7-1948, preferably from natives of the Province of Bombay and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for the permanent, part-time non-pensionable post of ASSISTANT PROFESSOR OF ARCHITECTURE, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay QUALIFICATIONS: (1) A candidate must be a practising Architect and a Fellow or an Associate of the Royal Institute of British Architects. (2) He must possess (a) good general education (b) adequate knowledge of English and (c) teaching experience of 2 years or more. AGE: Ordinarily not less than 23 and not more than 30 years on 1-10-1948, relaxable in the case of a candidate possessing experience and good qualifications. PAY: Rs. 400 per mensem (fixed) subject to revision, PLUS cost of living allowance. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay" who will also supply full details on request. 303

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 3416 of 1947

(1). AHMEDBHAI LALBHAI, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, residing at Sitaram Building Crawford Market without the Fort of Bombay. (2). FAKIRMAHOMED JANMAHOMED, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant residing at Bandra in Greater Bombay, (3) HAJI USMAN YUSUF, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Bengalpura Road, without the Fort of Bombay, (4). JAFFERBHAI AHMEDBHAI, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Sabu Sidick Road near Crawford Market without the Fort of Bombay, (5). ESMAIL DONGREY, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Chimna Butcher Street without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1). YUSUF MUSAJI VIRJI, of Bombay Muslim inhabitant, a Merchant, carrying on business at Samuel Street, without the Fort of Bombay, (2). AZIZ DATOO of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Bandra in Greater Bombay (his present whereabouts are not known) ..... Defendants.

To,
YUSUF MUSAJI VIRJI, Esqr
The 1st Defendant abovenamed.

Sir,

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have filed the above suit against you and Aziz Dattu as defendant praying for a decree against the defendants for the sum of Rs. 6,005-5-9 with interest and costs and for further and other reliefs. The suit is fixed for hearing on the 31st day of August 1948 at 11 o'clock (S.T.) in the forenoon on which date unless you file an appearance and appear the suit will be decided in your absence.

Dated this 18th day of June, 1948.

PAYNE & CO.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. 304

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF SHIP'S LIFE-BOAT, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Sindhia's Shipyard Godown, Darukhana, Mazagaon, by order of the Insurance Co. concerned. Terms: Cash.

BENNETT & CO.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE MANILLA ROPE FACTORY.

AUCTION SALE OF COMPLETE MANILLA ROPE FACTORY (FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE WESTERN INDIA ROPE FACTORY) in Working Order including:—1 Smalley Rice & Evans twisting machine, Lawson & Sons, Leeds 8 Spinning machines, 2 Polishing machines, 1 Winding machine, 1,000 ft. Railing, Iron Chains, 2 Elec. 20 and 35 B.H.P. Motors, Pulleys, Pedestals, Shafting, etc., on FRIDAY, 25th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises of the said Factory, at Subhashnagar Estate, DeLisle Road, Bombay, under instruction from the Concerned.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of About 5000 Nos. Secondhand Woollen Shirts, About 3000 Nos. Woollen Blankets, Woollen Blanket's Pieces, About 5000 Nos. Ground Sheets and New Tarpaulins about 200 Nos. on FRIDAY, 25th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Factory of Manilla Rope, Subhasnagar Estate, Opp. Apollo Mill, DeLisle Road, Bombay, under instructions from the Party Concerned.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

SOLVING PROBLEM OF THE BLIND

Mountbatten Suggests "Planned Programme" To Bombay Conference

BOMBAY, June 20, (A.P.I.): Lord Mountbatten, Governor-General of India, in a message to the first Bombay Provincial conference for the blind, which is concluding its session here tomorrow, said: "Like other social problems in India, the problem of the blind is of such great magnitude that the efforts so far made have only touched the fringes of the work that has to be accomplished. Modern advances in medicine and mechanical inventions have rendered it possible not only to reduce considerably the number of the blind but also to educate them to a life of usefulness to the community and of interest to themselves. In the past there have been broadly speaking only isolated efforts by voluntary societies or individual philanthrophists to improve the conditions of life of the blind.

The need is great for a planned programme of action in this field with the dual aim of using all the resources of modern science for the prevention of blindness and of rehabilitating those who are afflicted with this disability so as to enable them to lead a fuller and richer life. The fullest possible co-operation between Governments and the people is essential as such a programme is to be developed in the country on a reasonably broad basis to ensure adequate and lasting results".

TWO STABBED TO DEATH AT WORLI

Mob With Deadly Weapons Waylays Worker And Friend

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Manohar Gangaram Salvi, a city mill worker, and his friend, Jainu Shamsoo, both residing at Kalachowki, were waylaid and stabbed by a mob armed with knives and iron bars on Saturday night at Lovegrove Road. They succumbed to their injuries in the hospital.

It is stated that Salvi and Shamsoo went to attend a Bhajan party at a friend's house at Worli on Saturday night, but they returned immediately as the function was postponed due to the reported quarrel between the manager of the Bhajan Mandal and the local people.

On their way home at Lovegrove Road, it is stated a mob armed with deadly weapons suddenly surrounded and attacked them. Shamsoo was seriously stabbed while his friend tried to escape to a nearby compound. The crowd is said to have chased the escaping man to the compound where he was also stabbed. Both of them died later in the hospital.

The motive of the crime is not known. The Police is understood to have made some arrests in this connection.

NEED FOR FOREIGN EDUCATION

Jayakar Commends Work Of G. S. Education Society

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the R. S. V. R. Gaud Saraswat Brahmin Foreign Education Society, were held this evening at the Wagle Memorial Hall. Dr. M. R. Jayakar presided.

Dr. Jayakar in his presidential address spoke in laudatory terms of the good work done by the Society during the last 25 years and hoped that the good work would continue. Facilities for foreign education to deserving candidates, he hoped would continue to be given by the society. Foreign education was very important, for technical and scientific development of the country.

Justice Rajadyaksha presented the Silver Jubilee report of the Society. Mr. P. M. Laud and Mr. V. N. Naik also spoke.

DANCE PROGRAMME AT SANTA CRUZ

(From Our Sudurban Correspondent)
SANTA CRAZ, Sunday.

The hall of the Gujarati Stree mandal was packed to over flowing this evening when shree Vasant Shikshan varga got up an entertaining programme of dances in aid of the Besant Library and Reading Room. The whole programme was designed by miss Anjali Hora who has gathered group of entusiastic girls for training. Among the items provides were Gujarati Padama, Kumni in Malabar style to the accompaniment Hindi Songs, Garva, "Gramy Maetta" and a dance drama adopted from "Kalapi". Miss Anjali gave a fine exposition of the "Snake Charmer".

Those who participated in the dance items were:

Mrs. Chandrabai B. Nair presided on the occasion.

Miss Anjali Hora, Miss Saroj Dalal, Miss Sudha Thakkar, Miss Mira Tolat, Miss Sujata Desai, Miss Parimal Pralibha Saraiya, Miss Sangita Saraiya, Miss Kirtida Vyas, Miss Kusum Galivala, Miss Shoba Parekh, Majmudar, Miss Chanta Wadhwani, Miss Dhruti Chhaya, Miss Mayuni Majmudar, Miss Chanta Wadhwani, Group of entersiasts guts for training. Miss Vanlila Ghai, Miss Usha Dalal, Miss Purvi Hora, and Miss Hansa Parikh.

WASHINGTON, June 20, (Reuter): President Truman has accepted the resignation of Mr William L. Clayton, former Under Secretary of State, from his post as United States Representative to the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe.

INDIA'S HOCKEY TEAM TO FLY TO LONDON FOR OLYMPICS

Relaxation Of Export Regulations To Enable Competitors To Carry Foodstuffs

PATNA, June 19. (API): India's hockey team will be leaving by air on July 13, to participate in the World Olympic Games at London. India's boxing team and the remaining portion of the cycling team will leave somewhat earlier. Most of India's 80 competitors for the Olympiad, comprising the athletic, swimming, weight lifting and football teams, as well as a portion of the cycling team left by boat on June 4. Prof. Moinul Haque, Chief de Mission of the India Olympic team, will leave on June 22 by air.

India's 80 competitors and eight managers will be housed at a place in the Richmond housing centre and although the camp opens officially on July 8, yet through the special dispensation of the Olympic Organising Committee, members of the Indian team will be permitted to occupy their quarters immediately on their arrival.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR FULL DIET

As a result of relaxation of export regulations by the Government of India it has been possible to send rice, flour pulses, butter, mustard oil, powdered milk and other provisions to England in order to assure a full diet for India's representatives. While at Richmond, charges for each person will be at the rate of 25 shillings per day for board and lodging as well as transport to any point within a 15 mile radius, from July 15 to August 15.

The Indian Olympic Association has been able to raise funds to the extent of nearly rupees three lakhs to cover the expenses of the tour, towards which the Government of India has contributed rupees one lakh.

The World Olympiad closes on August 14 when subject to the availability of passages and provided there are no invitations for us from other countries, the Indian Olympic team expects to leave for India.

OLYMPIC HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Entries Divided Into Four Pools: India Head Of One Pool

AMESTERDAM, June 19, (Reuter). India, Great Britain, the Netherlands and Pakistan as the four strongest hockey countries have been placed at the head of the four pools into which the 17 entries for the Olympic tournament were divided by the International Hockey Federation (F.I.H.) at a meeting here today.

Eire's entry has not been accepted by the Federation. The four pools are as follows:

Pool "A": India, Austria, Argentina, Palestine and Poland.

Pool "B": Great Britain, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Spain.

Pool "C": The Netherlands, Afghanistan, Switzerland and the United States.

Pool "D": Pakistan, France, Belgium, and Denmark.

The programme of matches was arranged as follows: July 31: India vs. Palestine, Argentina vs. Poland, Great Britain vs. Hungary, Czechoslovakia vs. Spain, Pakistan vs. Belgium, France vs. Denmark.

August 2: India vs. Poland, Austria vs. Palestine, Netherlands vs. Switzerland, Afghanistan vs. United States.

August 3: India vs. Argentina, Austria vs. Poland, Great Britain vs. Spain, Czechoslovakia vs. Hungary, Pakistan vs. Denmark.

August 4: Netherlands vs. United States, France vs. Belgium.

August 5: Austria vs. Argentina, Palestine vs. Poland, Great Britain vs. Czechoslovakia, Afghanistan vs. Switzerland.

August 6: Hungary vs. Spain, Pakistan vs. France, Belgium vs. Denmark.

August 7: India vs. Austria, Argentina vs. Palestine, Netherlands vs. Afghanistan, Switzerland vs. United States.

Inclusion Of Ray Lindwall In Second Test Not Yet Decided

LONDON, June 19 (Reuter)—Mr Keith Johnson, the Australian cricketers' manager, said today that Ray Lindwall, the fast bowler who strained a groin muscle in the first Test match at Nottingham, will have a try out at Lords next Wednesday, the day before the second Test starts at Lords.

Not until then will it be known whether or not he will be fit to play.

Canada's Representative For Olympic Games Marathon

MONTREAL, June 19 (REUTER): The "veteran" Gerard Cote, whose victories this year include the famed Boston Marathon, will carry Canada's challenge alone in the Olympic games marathon.

His name was announced today as Canada's representative by the Canadian Olympic Committee.

Calcutta Football League Matches

CALCUTTA, June 19, (A.P.I.): Following are the results of the matches played in the first division of the Calcutta Football League today:—

Mohun Bagan four: Calcutta Football Club nil.

Mohammedan Sporting one-George Telegraph nil.

Kalighat one: Sporting Union one.

Dutch Team Beats Britain

AMSTERDAM, June 20, (Reuter): A Dutch selected team defeated Great Britain's probable Olympic football side by two goals to one in the Olympic Stadium here today.

The score was one each at half-time.

The match, watched by a capacity crowd of 65,000, formed part of the "Olympic Day" sporting festival from which Holland will obtain funds with which to send her Olympic games team to London.

DEMAND FOR TAMIL PROVINCE

MADRAS, June 20, (A.P.I.): The Madras District political conference held here today carried a resolution reiterating the demand for a separate Tamil Province extending from Cape Comorin in the south up to the River Pennar (Nellore District) in the north with Madras City as its Capital.

ENGLAND TEAM FOR SECOND TEST

Barnett And Simpson Left Out

LONDON, June 20, (Reuter): England's team to play Australia in the second cricket test beginning at Lords, London, on June 24, will be chosen from the following thirteen:

Yardley (Yorkshire), Captain, Edrich (Middlesex), J. Hardstaff (Nottinghamshire), Hutton (Yorkshire), Compton (Middlesex), Washbrook (Lancashire), Dollery (Warwickshire), Berser (Surrey), Wright (Kent), Evans (Kent), Laker (Surrey), Young (Middlesex) and Coxon (Yorkshire).

The selectors are satisfied to leave the bulk of the team alone. Only Barnett of the twelve originality chosen for the first test has been omitted. R. Simpson, the Nottingham amateur, who was nominated twelfth man for the Trent bridge game, is also left out.

COXON TO SHARE FAST BOWLING WITH BEDSER

Only Coxon has not played before for England. Dollery, present Warwickshire Captain, made his test debut against South Africa in the first test last summer.

Weakness in England's opening attack at Nottingham has no doubt influenced the Selection Committee in their choice of Coxon, who may well share the main fast bowling with Bedser, Edrich being employed in short spells.

Coxon, who moves the ball either way, has been displaying fine all-round form this season, and yesterday claimed four for 66 against Australians. He has taken 32 wickets this summer in first class matches and scored 363 runs including 83 Nottinghamshire last week.

LIGHTER SIDE OF THE OLYMPICS

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter): While the Olympic Games entries have closed at sixty, the organisers have still only a very rough idea of the number of competitors taking part. All they know at present is the total of the competing countries in each of the 136 events of the seventeen different sports and even then, although a country has entered, there is no certainty that it will eventually compete.

THE PREPARATIONS

There is great bustle going on in Olympic circles as the start of the Olympiad draws nearer. Every day in the Olympic Stadium at Wembley there is a new stage in the preparation of that great arena for the games. The huge results board is now being erected and the "sacred" turf that is sacred to soccer fans, for on this is played the cup final, one of the greatest sporting events in Britain, is being dug up to make the pits for the long jump, high jump, pole vault and steeplechase.

John Wilkinson, the Oxford University sprinter, potentially the fastest Englishman over onehundred and twohundred metres who has been nursing a pulled muscle, will have to find his best form to beat Jones.

On the lighter side of the Olympics there seems to be some argument as to who is going to be the most beautiful woman competitor. Chief claimants, made not personally but by their ardent fans, are the American girls Zoe Olsen, the 17-year-old diving champion, and 20-year-old Brenda Helser, free-style swimmer. Both are said to be as lovely to look at as they are expert in their events.

Barrick Excluded From List Of Referees

LONDON, June 20, (Reuter): Cyril John Barrick, who controlled the Football Association Cup Final so excellently between Manchester United and Blackpool last season and is well known in many countries where he has been in charge of International matches is not included in the Football League list of referees for next season on grounds of age.

In common with several other officials, he has been informed that the League has fixed the age limit for referees at 47 and for supplementary referees at 45.

Mr Barrick, who is 47 said today "It is rather a blow for I had planned to have one more season before resigning from League refereeing, but I suppose we must make way for younger men.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

Nair Hospital Dental Exams

The results of the examination held by the Nair Hospital Dental College, Bombay in April 1948 are as follows:—

FINAL L.D.Sc. DIPLOMA EXAMINATION

Miss C. R. Subjally, Mr. B. S. Kapadia, Mr. E. D'Souza, Mr. A. M. Sunkersett, Miss L. Kaikini.

3RD L.D.Sc. EXAMINATION

Mr. A. B. Thakor, Mr. A. S. Kate, Mr. A. C. Nagree, Miss V. A. Vakil, Mr. K. K. Chipkar, Mr. S. S. Seth.

2ND L.D.Sc. EXAMINATION

Miss H. Hougui, Mr. A. A. Alphonso Mr. P. K. Naire, Mr. M. V. Mantri, Mr. P. Christian, Mr. A. R. Mohammed. Mr. N. D. Bulsara, Mr. F. E. Antia, Miss P. A. Shroff, Mr. N. Y. Naik, Mr. K. T. V. Nair, Mr. E. J. D. Cruz, Mr. S. K. Shah, Mr. K. P. Shah

1ST L.D.Sc. EXAMINATION

Miss Dhun B. Contractor, Miss M. A. R. Borges, Miss Dolly B. Contractor, Mr. T. M. X. DeSa, Mr. A. C. Kolia, Miss T. Nadkarni, Mr. R. C. Almaida, Miss N. Jagjit, Mr. V. J. Patel, Mr. P. H. Batliwala, Mr. S. P. Mascarenhas, Mr. J. N. Fernandes, Mr. H. M. Doctor, Mr. J. Lobo, Mr. M. J. Framji, Mr. P. M. Patel, Miss K. Jairamdas, Mr. G. C. Patel, Miss A. Dutt, Miss A. Barretto, Mr. A. V. Ghatalia, Mr. J. Fonseca, Miss D. L. Arvande. Mr. B. G. Phadke, Mr. E. Solomon. Mr. K. N. Deshmukh, Mr. A. S. Shaik.

The Vice-Chancellor, Mr. Banerji, who will lead the Calcutta University delegation, is expected to leave Calcutta by air on July 6 next. He is expected to return to Calcutta by the end of August.

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(2)

YEAR'S TOPPING MUSICAL!

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Starring. PATANJAL, SUDHA, LATIKA, GOPE, K. N. SINGH

Directed by S. K. MALIK

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From NEXT FRIDAY will be unfolded a unique LOVE-DRAMA on the BOMBAY SCREEN

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Produced and Directed by KIDAR SHARMA

with

BEGUM PARA, GITA BALI

AT **EXCELSIOR LAMINGTON CHITRA**

(A Varma Films' Release)

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Shud 15, 2004.
Muslim: Sabaan 13, 1367.
Parsi: Deh 22, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-02 a.m. Sunset: 19-19 a.m.
Hightide: 12-30, 23-58.
Lowtide: 05-23, 18-32.

CORPORATION MEETING: Today at 3 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

KAMALADEVI CHATTOPADHYAYA'S LECTURE: Under the auspices of the Kanara Saraswat Association, Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya will speak on 'Independence—What Next' in the Anandashrama Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo Road, today, at 7 p.m.

ZARTHOSTI UNNATI DWARA: A send-off function to Dr. B. H. Mehta, Director of Social Work, who is proceeding to Canada and U. S. A., today, at Sunder Bai Hall, at 6 p.m. Sir H. P. Dastur, will preside.

BOMBAY SINDHI ASSOCIATION: President and the Council of Action of the Bombay Sindhi Association will meet press Representatives at a Tea Party at Taj Mahal Hotel, today, at 5 p.m.

FIRST PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE FOR THE BLIND: Entertainment programme from 5-30 to 8 p.m. Exhibition of Blind crafts from 3 to 5 p.m., at the Sir C. J. Hall.

ARYA SAMAJ: Public meeting at Madhav Bag, C. P. Tank Road, today, at 6 p.m. (S. T.), when Shri Pandit Biharilalji Shastri, will speak on National Unity.

AT YOU TODAY: Hindustani Evening at Youths' Own Union, today, at Cama Library Hall, at 6-15 p.m.

SOCIALIST PARTY'S PLAN IN CORPORATION

BOMBAY, Saturday, (I. P. S.): The Socialist Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation is bestirring itself for greater work in this session. With a view to focuss the Government's attention to the hardships and pressing problems facing the citizens, the party proposes to requisition several special meetings of the Corporation to discuss housing, city's transport and hostel accommodation problems, so that the Government may move quickly and bring relief. With the advent of the monsoon lakhs of city's homeless people who have been dwelling on foot paths are virtually stranded and exposed. Similarly, the city's transport system has become congested. Further with the opening of schools and colleges, thousands of students are faced with the problems of finding hotel and hostel accommodation, which has become by no means easy.

T. B. Specialists In City

Dr. W. Gellner of the World Health Organisation and Dr. Benjamin, Tuberculosis Adviser to the Government of India are now in Bombay in connection with the organisation of B. C. G. Vaccination for the prevention of tuberculosis.

During their stay here they will discuss with tuberculosis workers and medical practitioners in the city possible plans for organising a scheme for Bombay Province.

Today (Monday), at 11-30 a.m., they will give a talk on certain aspects of the tuberculosis problem at the theatre of the Grant Medical College.

Lohana Lady's Donations

Mrs. Sharabehen Kakubhai (Balbhadra) Thakkar, daughter of late Gopalji Ramji has donated, in memory of deceased Champaklal Hargovandas Kotak, Rs. 25,101 to Seth N. E. & B. M. Lohana Boarding for Higher Education and Rs. 12,168 to Kanbai and Laibai Lohana Balika Grah.

Scholarship For Jain Students

Applications are invited by the Hon. Secretaries of the Jain Association of India, from Jain Swetamber Murtipujak students studying in the Science, Technical, Engineering Commerce and Medical Colleges securing at least 2nd class marks for Scholarships of Rs. 100 each to be awarded by this Association for the year 1948.

Candidates desiring to apply should write to the Hon. Secretaries for the Application forms before the 30-6-1948 with postage stamp.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, June 21.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Bhaskarrao Amembal 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Arvind Parikh 8-45 Bhaskarrao Amembal 9-0 Y. T. Parvatey 12-0 p.m. Bahnon Ke Liye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Geet Se Khayal Tak 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 American Composers 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Arvind Parikh (Sitar Solo) 5-30 Sudarshan Sharma 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 J. L. Ranade 6-45 Ramanlal Murtiwala 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Sundershan Sharma 7-30 Sahitya Samiksha 7-45 U. M. Maniar 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Musical Roundup 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 9-40 Musical Interlude 9-45 Employment Exchange 10 K. Y. Kale 10-20 Y. T. Parvatey.

VARIATIONS.

41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. God Athavan 5-45 p.m. K. Y. Kale 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)—7-45 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 J. L. Ranade 9-0 Ratnakant Ramnathkar 9-20 Ramanlal Murtiwala 10-0 Tiny Lobo and His Band (Popular Dance Music).

SWEARING IN CEREMOQNY ON AIR: The second transmission of A. I. R. Bombay, today (Monday), will commence at 10-15 a.m. with a relay of commentary from Delhi on the swearing-in ceremony of H. E. Shri Rajqpalachari as Governor-General, followed by brief musical interlude which will be followed by a recording of a radio report in Hindustani on the presentation of a civic address to Lord and Lady Mountbatten by the Delhi Municipality.

NANDA ADDRESSES "GUMASTHAS"

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda inaugurated the Samastha Kapad Bazar Gumastha Parishad at Mulji Jetha Market on Saturday evening. Mr. Shantilal Shah presided.

INDIAN ARTISTS PLEAD FOR PRACTICAL ENCOURAGEMENT

Bombay Conference Suggests Execution Of Historical Memorials

BOMBAY, Sunday.

An appeal to artists in India to go back to the people and to the common subjects of daily life, and there seek inspiration for their creative urge, was voiced by various speakers at the concluding session of the third All-India Art Conference this evening at the Town Hall.

Dr. D. G. Vyas presided.

The speaker strongly criticised the apathy of the leaders of the country as well as the Government on the subject of Indian Art.

Mr. Bhabesh Sanyal of Delhi said that the problems of the artists, the art teachers and critics, were no isolated problems but inextricably mixed up with the patterns of the country's political and social life. He suggested that the artists of the country be given recognition and practical encouragement, by being commissioned to execute such historical memorials as the R.I.N. Mutinu, the '42 struggle, the Bengal famine, Jallianwalla Baugh, and the life and work of Mahatma Gandhi.

MODERN ARTISTS BLAMED

Dr. Nihar Ranjan Roy of Calcutta blamed modern Indian artists of running away from contemporary problems of the country and leaning heavily on western art-forms and content. Ancient art, he maintained, must be nothing more than an inspiration to more effectively, tackle present problems which were specific and alive.

Mr. Ravishankar Raval of Ahmedabad, stressed that to bring back vitality to Indian art, the artist must go to the people.

Mr. V. P. Karmarkar of Bombay, deplored the decay in Indian art under foreign rule. For sculpture, he said, which was the highest expression of the artistic mind, the artist must go back to Indian tradition.

Mr N. S. Bendre (Bombay) said that the result of English education had been that many people not only lieved that way but even their thinking had been influenceed to a considerable extent As such it was futile to try to escape Western influencce altogether.

Mr. D. P. Dutt said that the creative energy of the child found an easy expression in painting and drawing and children, like primitive men, brought out the essential features of a subject with surprising clarity.

The conference passed a resolution recognising the All India Association of Fine Arts as the central body representing the artists of the country for the fostering and development of art in India.

WEATHER

STRONG MONSOON IN MALABAR

POONA, June 20. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather summary for Sunday, the 20th June, 1948:—

Practically no observations have been received from eastern Pakistan and the central parts of the country.

The monsoon has strengthened in Malabar and the south Konkan where locally heavy rain has fallen. There has also been widespread rain in Assam, local thundershowers have occurred in West Bengal, Bihar and in and near East Rajputana. A few thundershowers have also occurred in Chota Nagpur and in and near the hills of the west United Provinces and in north-west Hyderabad.

Day temperatures have fallen in the East Punjab and the United Provinces but are still markedly above normal in the sub-montane districts of these divisions. Day temperatures have also been markedly high in Bihar.

FORECAST UNTIL 21ST EVENING.

Rainfall will be widespread in Assam, West Bengal, the south Konkan and Malabar and local in the rest of north-west India, in eastern Pakistan, lower Kashmir and the north Konkan. A few thundershowers are also likely in the central parts of the country, East Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan, north-west Hyderabad, Mysore, and the southern half of south-east Madras. Thunderstorms or dust-storms are likely to be widespread in the East Punjab, local in the west United Provinces and occur at a few stations in the east United Provinces, upper Sind, the north-west Punjab the North-West Frontier Province and north and east Rajputana.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING.

Locally heavy rain will occur in Assam, the south Konkan and Malabar and isolated moderate to heavy falls are possible in west Bengal, Bihar and Chota Nagpur during the next 48 hours.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, June 20. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on 20th June, 1948:—

Allahabad 104 88 0 0 minus 1.7, BOMBAY 89 79 T 7.3 minus 5.2, Calcutta 93 75 1.9 6.3 minus 6.5, Cherrapunji 67 63 14.1 108.5 plus 9.4.2, Colombo 87 73 1.2 7.1 plus 0.1, Cuttack 100 83 0 2.5 minus 3.0, Delhi 109 81 0 0.1 minus 1.0, Karachi 90 83 0 1.6 plus 1.5, Lahore 109 82 0 1.3 plus 0.6, Lucknow 103 87 0 0.1 minus 1.8, Madras 100 84 0 0.2 minus 1.2, Patna 105 77 0.1 0.1 minus 3.0, Peshawar 106 79 0 0.5 plus 0.2, Poona 91 75 0 4.4 plus 1.2, Shillong 71 63 0.3 19.3 plus 6.0, Simla 80 61 0 0.7 minus 1.6.

Revision Of Award Sought

AHMEDABAD, June 19, (A.P.I.): The Textile Labour Association has applied to the Industrial Court for revision of the award dated April 22, 1948 regarding wage increase and standardisation of wages, on the ground that majority of workers employed in the dyeing and other departments were adversely affected and their wages or earnings on piece rate were reduced threatening the peace of the industry.

Bogus C. I. D. Gang Active

The bogus C. I. D. gang is believed to have resumed activities in the Foras Road, Girgaum and Lamington Road areas.

The disreputable individuals comprising this gang usually lurk in areas where there are some houses of ill-repute. These gangsters are evidently fairly shrewd judges of human psychology and use unlimited patience in awaiting the appearance of a suitable potential victim, who is usually a man of some means possessed of a timid nature and a strong desire to maintain an outward appearance of strict respectability. If in addition, he has a troubled conscience, he becomes ideal material for the cheats to work on and they lose no time in "arresting" him on a supposed charge of "immoral behaviour".

After impressing upon him the ruinous effects of the wide publicity his "case" is bound to attract, the bogus C. I. D. men offer to "squash" the case for a substantial consideration. They "fleece" the victim of all valuables on his person and frequently make further appointments at which the victim is forced to hand over large sums of money under constant threat of exposure.

Persons approached or victimised by the gang described are earnestly requested to do their duty as citizens by reporting any such instance to the police immediately and assisting in apprehension of the filthy perpetrators of this organised blackmail.—(Police News).

MOUNTING CITY TRAIN ACCIDENTS

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Train-accidents in the city are on the increase. Four horribly mutilated dead bodies, are sprawling in different ungainly postures at the city morgue at J. J. Hospital, and one at morgue at the K. E. M. Hospital. This group of five persons, which includes a young woman came by their deaths, when either they fell off congested trains, or were run over while trespassing on Railway lines

All the bodies are unidentified, and the morgue is patiently awaiting for claimants to give up the dead.

The first of these accidents happened on 11th instant, when a thirty-year old male was rushed to the K.E.M. Hospital from the Ghatkopar Railway Lines, where he was found injured and unconscious.

Five days later, two dead bodies arrived at the Morgue. One of them was knocked down by a suburban train at Dadar and killed on the spot, while the other was a casualty at Musjid Bunder Railway Lines, a few hours later.

The unclaimed dead woman, was knocked down by a train at Kurla, two days later. On 18th. Authorities are mystified about the identity of this woman, for her apparel and appearance even in death indicate that she belonged to some good house. Nobody has so far come to claim her.

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ANNUAL EXPENDITURE ..... FOUR LAKHS.
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Bagatelle ..... Rs. 30/- each

Tricycles ..... Rs. 16/8 each

Evans Fraser & CO. (INDIA) LTD.

FORT HOUSE, BOMBAY.

ASSAULT AND LOOTING IN RUNNING TRAIN

AHMEDABAD, June 20 (API): About 9 Sikhs, armed with kirpans, are alleged to have looted yesterday passengers in a third class compartment of a local train running between Ahmedabad and Dhandhuka When the train slowed down miscreants ran away. The railway police rushed from Sabarmati railway station and arrested 5 persons with looted property.

Refugee Medicos

The medical practitioners practising in the Indian Systems of Medicine, viz., Vaidyas and Hakims, who are genuine refugees from Pakistan and who have registered themselves as refugees with the refugee officer for the Province of Bombay, will be exempted from the operation of the provisions of Section 32 of the Bombad Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938, provided they possess any of the qualifications recognised by the Board of Indian Systems of Medicine, Bombay, for the purposes of registration before November 4, 1941, under the proviso to section 16 (2) of the Act.

GALVANIZED SHEETS, PLAIN AND CORRUGATED

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The Bombay Chronicle

There are three short and simple words, the hardest of all to pronounce in any language . . . "I was wrong". —J. R. LOWELL.

THE NEW ORDER

The departure of Lord Mountbatten and the assumption of the Governor-Generalship by Rajaji is something more than a change of person in this office. Rajaji has been chosen as the symbol of all that stands for constructive work in the Congress. He has been often spoken of as the first Indian Governor-General; it is also essential to remember that he will in all probability be the last of the Governors-General, and that even in his tenure of office it is expected that the Governor-Generalship will be basically different from what it has been in the past. In a sense, the powers are limited to that of a constitutional head of State. But then again, Rajaji, because of the prestige he has in the country, the affection he commands and the name for statesmanship he has won, will have an amount of influence with his Cabinet which no other person, foreign or Indian, could hope to enjoy. It would be an error to think that Rajaji will function as a figurehead, and the precedents that he will create, will have a validity for his successors in that headship. It is fortunate that in the period of transition India should have at the helm a man of Rajaji's tenacity of purpose and high idealism.

The contribution of Lord Mountbatten to the development of present-day India is hard to assess so soon. It has been a period of hustle when the country and its leaders have been virtually swept off their feet. There has been very little time for weighing the pros and cons of official policy. Only the national leaders know exactly how much Lord Mountbatten has contributed towards particular solutions of the many pressing problems. And for obvious reasons they are not in a position to make disclosures at this stage. By and large, it might be said that it has been a period of acting on expediency rather than on principle and much that has been done hastily will have to be corrected immediately in the coming year, if the country is not to suffer from it all. Few Governors-General, however, have equalled Lord Mountbatten's genius for adaptability and quick decision. A great personality is removed from the Indian scene and his absence will be felt in the coming months. From the frequent eulogies lavished on Lord Mountbatten's general and particular helpfulness by Union Ministers, it would appear that they had come to rely a great deal on him.

Immediately the unfinished negotiations with Hyderabad have to be settled, Pandit Jawaharlal has asserted that there is no room for further talk, that all that remains is for the Nizam to sign on the dotted line, and that failure to do so soon might lead to a state when the draft agreement will be inadequate. All this is very necessary to point out that the limit of concession has been reached by the Union Government. But it is still possible for the new Governor-General to address himself to the task of bringing the Nizam to see reason. It is impossible to deal with the Nizam through intermediaries because he is irresponsible in repudiating them. There is no purpose to be gained by reverting to the policy of negotiations at Delhi. But that is not the only way of contacting the Nizam and Rajaji is not the man to accept disaster without straining his every nerve to avert it. Now that the Union Government's final word has been said, it is obvious that matters cannot rest where they were at the time of the Nizam's rejection. The Nizam has levelled a series of allegations against the Union Government which do not stand scrutiny but which neither Mr. Laik Ali nor Sir Walter Monckton has been able to counter. The Nizam will not move from Hyderabad, and it is useless dealing with anyone who represents him. In the vexed question of the Berars, Lord Curzon solved the riddle by personally contacting the Nizam and convincing him of the wisdom of accepting the Government of India's view. There is no reason why that effort should not be repeated by Rajaji as a last chance to stave off conflict. Since Pandit Jawaharlal cannot pay the necessary visit to Hyderabad, Rajaji might assume the responsibility and make the attempt. There is no one else who would have the courage to take up this unpleasant task and no one else could. If the attempt should fail, then the Union is in no way worse off than it is now. But there is far too much dependent on its success for the possibility to be left unexplored.

There have been suggestions that Hyderabad has put off a decision in the expectation that in Rajaji's governor-generalship the chances of getting better terms is great. This is a most mischievous interpretation; if Hyderabad is counting on it, it is heading for serious disappointment. There can be no major difference between Rajaji and the Central Cabinet and least of all on Hyderabad. And it is for this reason that it is well to seek the path of peace before irrevocable decisions for conflict are taken. To leave the initiative with the other side is not always a sign of strength. It might be a case of giving way to despair. The Government of India, we take it, is not of the view that the Union has been saved from its generosity by the obduracy of the Nizam. The terms offered were offered to Hyderabad in the belief that they were the best in the interests of both India and Hyderabad. They still remain the most desirable solution. And as such they surely deserve one more effort to put them through.

Should the effort fail, the Union Government can push forward with all its strength to accomplishing its objective. The time occupied will not be lost time because it does not look as though very much is being done immediately, and it need be only a matter of a few days. Those who call for drastic action, fail to remember that the burden of any economic or military offensive will fall primarily on the people of Hyderabad who have already suffered enough and more than enough. Their interests demand that everything possible must be done to bring about a peaceful solution. It is for Rajaji to bend his best efforts to this end, and the confidence he enjoys in the country is the best guarantee of the good wishes that will attend his effort.

Appeal To The Nizam

Indian Muslim leaders who have tried to help the Nizam out of the difficulties into which he has plunged Hyderabad, have acted effectively. Their appeal removes the fantastic claims of Mr. Razvi to speak for Muslims in the Indian Union and serves to clear the air of a great deal of confusion. It is unfortunate, however, that the signatories have omitted to bring home to His Exalted Highness the error of repudiating Mir Laik Ali and other members of the Hyderabad delegation who had virtually accepted the draft agreement on behalf of Hyderabad. Nor do we find any denunciation of Mir Laik Ali's forced references to the moral stature of Hyderabad. But the fact that the Nizam has not thought it necessary to grant the Muslim Union leaders a chance to plead with him, is a warning that such moves are futile. When the Nizam asserts that his Government has been doing its best to reach a friendly agreement with the Union, he says something which no one would care to deny. But His Exalted Highness has omitted to say that he himself has obstructed settlement by overruling his Government in a manner calculated to reflect discredit on that Government. It is not Mir Laik Ali's Government that is under condemnation but the Nizam himself. There is a limit to the eccentricities of an autocrat and it is time that the Nizam was told this by every group of Union citizens, just as Jawaharlal has already told him. The time has come when the ruling class in Hyderabad must be made to understand that it cannot have things its own way.

"Kathiawar Art In Ruins"

An important portion of art treasures consists of rare and valuable manuscripts, often beautifully illustrated, and forming exquisite specimens of art and beauty. This writer remembers how during the war a European in Calcutta had asked for permission to take out of the country certain personal papers which included a beautiful manuscript profusely illustrated, of the famous old novel of 'Sadevant Savlinga' in Marwari Hindi, obviously a counterpart of famous work of the same name in Gujarati. The manuscript was innocuous from a military point of view and had to be allowed to leave India although this writer knew the strong sentiments often expressed in the Central Legislative Assembly against the depletion of the art wealth of those countries.

In Sourashtra several private libraries of rare Sanskrit manuscripts are known to exist. The best known of these is at Gondal owned by that celebrated "Savant" or international repute Rajvaidya Jivram Kalidas, believed to be valued at about two million rupees, on which many foreign millionaires have cast a longing eye. Pandit Harishanker Shastri of Lakhtar, erudite scholar and editor of Vallabhacharya's Anu Bhashya, has also several hundreds of rare and highly valuable manuscripts. The late Purushottam Mavji of Dwarka had in his bungalow gorgeous curtains, screens, blinds, hangings, etc. of scores of varieties of indigenous velvet, an article which has long been extinct in India. He was also busy some years ago, translating Sanskrit Chemistry of which he had discovered several works dealing with different branches of that science.

India has now come into its own and the primary duty of the Government may be described as under:

(i) To penalize the removal of any manuscript or object of aesthetic value except under a license which need not be granted unless other specimens are known to exist;

(ii) To ask for the restoration of such objects of cultural value as have outlived the devastation of the war and are still in England.

(iii) To start a properly equipped Archaeological Department for Sourastra with an efficient Epigraphist to decipher and interpret inscriptions scattered all over the country and to help to resuscitate and reconstruct Sourashtra's past history. Excavations in known places will throw a flood of light on the dark and obscure pages of our old history. "En passant" at a place called Siani near Limbdi there is a Jain temple now underground and without any vestiges of ist pristine glory which, according to Kathiawar "Gazetteer" was built by Sampriti Raja in the second or the third century A. D. If true this establishes Jain influence in Sourashtra as early as about 1800 years ago.

(iv) To apply at once to Sourashtra, the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act of 1904 to prevent our Art treasures from decay and ruin to which Mrs. Shiveshwarkar has drawn pointed attention.

(v) To acquire for the nation the private libraries such as those referred to above and others and to house them suitably.

Sourashtra has been the land of 'Superman'—Purushottam—in the past. Let it not be said that in our anxiety for the questions of the moment we neglected problems of permanent value and allowed streams of cultural ambrosia to dry up.

I. R. DWIVEDI.

Dollar Surplus

Sir,—Referring to your correspondent's report from New Delhi, regarding rush expenditure of 20 million dollars which appeared in your issue of Thursday the 17th June, I may take the liberty to point out that if there is really a surplus of dollars to be spent before the end of June, it could be most profitably utilised to import gold and silver which could be sold in the country at a profit of 150 per cent around the present prices and also relieve the tense position in the bullion trade, of which disadvantage both ways is being taken by the speculators owing to the paucity of supplies.

Reasonable prices of the precious metals will surely tend to release stocks of grains and foodstuffs, since from times immemorial the country's agriculturists are used to metallic payment.—Yours, etc.

BULLIONIST.

Our Kenya Letter

PARTITION SEQUEL IN KENYA

Africans Wake To Politieal Rights

(From Our Correspondent)

NAIROBI, (By Air Mail.)

The greatest event of the month in Kenya was the passing of a resolution by the East African Indian National Congress recommending to the Kenya Government, among other things, the "division of the Indian Community into two parts, one comprising of those Indian elements who, as between the two Dominions, profess sympathy for India and the other for Pakistan, instead of the present division of the Indian Community on religious lines".

The resolution also warned the Government that if the division of the Indian Community is persisted in, the Congress members on the council will be compelled to refuse to participate in the work of the Kenya Legislative Council "so long as the Indian seats in the Council continue to be divided on religious lines."

After the creation of the Dominions of India and Pakistan, it may be recalled, the Kenya Government promulgated an Amendment to the Kenya Legislative Council Ordinance reserving two out of the five Indian seats in the Kenya Legislature for the Muslims. The Amendment met with strong opposition gy the Congress and its members on the Council and eventually, as a "protest", the Indian members resigned their seats on the eve of the dissolution of the Council last January.

Reaffirming its "opposition" to the division of the Indian Community on religious lines and declaring its resolve not to accept any division of the Indian Community on religious lines, the Congress resolution has directed its three members on the Kenya Legislative Council to stage a "one-day boycott" of the Council by refusing to attend it on the first day of every session as a "protest" against the reservation of two Indian seats for the Muslims of Kenya who comprise about 26 per cent of the Indian population.

Recently a deputation of five Indians representing the Congress waited on His Excellency the Governor, Sir Philip Mitchell, to discuss and implement the terms of the resolution recommending division of the Indian Community into two parts—one for those who profess sympathy for India and the other for those who profess sympathy for Pakistan. It is understood that the Governor gave a patient hearing to the Congress view-point and has, to a large extent, agreed with the Indian members of the desirability of dividing the Indian Community on the basis of the Congress resolution. A prominent Indian member of the Deputation told me that the Governor was largely satisfied with the Congress views and that he would recommend to the Colonial Secretary in London the division of the Indian Community on the basis of India and Pakistan. A further announcement of Government's policy is awaited within the next two months.

Communal Canker In Kenya

The canker of communalism that wrought havoc and destruction of the and property in India, is slowly but steadily showing sogns of appearance in the Kenya Indian politics.

Certain disruptive elements from the Sikh Community are openly carrying on communal propaganda. At a meeting recently held in Nairobi, communal passions have been aroused by these elements and they even went to the extent of passing resolutions which have since been circulated to the Kenya Government and the Colonial Secretary in London, demanding among other things, separate representation for the Sikhs. There is no doubt that this is the sequel to the Kenya Government's Ordinance reserving two out of five Indian seats for the Muslims.

Kenya Indian Fasts

Mr. Makhan Singh, a well-known Indian Labour leader of Kenya Colony, has undertaken a 10-day fast to "rouse the honest consciousness of the Indian people in Kenya."

In a lengthy statement issued to the Press, Mr. Makhan Singh maintained that "unity and solidarity of the Indian Community should be the main aim of every Indian national and that their promotion was the sole object of his fast."

Declaring that "communal passions have been aroused on account of a section of the Congress leadership by their compromising and no-boycott policies and also by the hate-propaganda of a few disruptive elements in the Indian Community," Mr. Makhan Singh draws timely attention to the "biggest danger facing us at the present moment."

"They imperil", Mr. Makhan Singh goes on to say, "not only the present but also our future, our national struggle and the entire working class movement in this part of the world."

Mr. Makhan Singh is taking nothing except water during the period of his fast. He hopes to achieve the purpose of his fast.

Muslim Institute Of Education

With the consent of the Colonial Secretary, the Kenya Government is officially undertaking the setting up at Mombasa of a Muslim Institute for Education which will have as its patrons Their Highnesses the Sultan of Zanzibar and the Aga Khan. Sir Philip Mitchell, the Governor of Kenya, is the Chairman of the Institute.

The cost of the Institute is estimated at £2,50,000 of which the Aga Khan will donate £1,00,000, the Government of Kenya £50,000 and the balance by way of grants from His Majesty's Treasury of Kenya.

The Institute will cater for the higher education, particularly professional and technical, of Muslims and Arabs. Special emphasis will be laid on technical and vocational training rather than towards academic, commercial and clerical professions. In view of the demand for employment in ships, on decks and in engine-rooms, a feature of the curriculum will be marine and electrical engineering, navigation and seamanship. There will also be courses for some, if not all, of the following vacations: steadily showing signs of appearance medical, agriculture veterinary foresty forestry, carpentry, boat-building and masonry.

Qualifications for admission to the Institute will be: willingness to attend or perform Muslim worship; proof of having reached Standard VI in an English school; certificate of good character from the headmaster of the previous school attended and nomination by a selection board under the chairmanship of the Principal.

As an act of public service an Arab has leased land near Mombasa for the setting up of the proposed Institute. It is expected that the traditional Arab style of architecture will be employed thereby giving the building simplicity and dignity at an economical cost.

Commenting on the Kenya Government's move to set up an Institute for Muslim Education the Nairobi Indian paper "Daily Chronicle", wrote: "To assist actively in an educational project which seeks to impose so unreasonable a pre-requisite as readiness to perform Muslim Worship is for a Colonial Government tantamount to adopting the most open method of driving the wedge of sectionalism deeper in an already dis-united people. Who considers this to be a creditable action on the part of the Government?" asks the Chronicle.

"His Excellency's action will probably be sought to be justified on the grounds that similar support has been pledged to any community which can mail to His Excellency a cheque which in words and figures bears the rather enormous amount of £100,000. It may not be likely that any one non-Muslim would mail the required sums of money. But, at the same time, it is not only probable but likely that the non-Muslims would be provoked into collecting this sum with the object of pressing on the Governor the urgent need for a similar institute for them. Should a thing like that actually come to pass, as indeed it may, the process of division would be complete and the Government may well experience that satisfying glow on the face which is said to reward every job well done," concluded the "Chronicle."

Africans Politically Conscious

At a mass meeting of Africans held in Nairobi recently under the auspices of the Kenya African Union, the most powerful and representative political organization of the Kenya Africans, a resolution was unanimously adopted recommending to the Government "direct African representation on the Governor's Executive Council, the introduction of compulsory education for African children and more facilities for technical education."

In the present Kenya Legislative Council, the Governor has nominated four Africans but no seat has been reserved for them on the Executive Council. To attain this end, the meeting directed the four African Legislative Councillors to press for at least one seat on the Governor's Executive Council.

The meeting unanimously challenged the statement of the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. D. Rees Williams, who recently toured East Africa, which was purported to have been made by him in London that "Africans everywhere had stated to him that more British people were required in East Africa."

THREE U. S. DESTROYERS FOR PALESTINE

Assistance To Bernadotte In Supervising Truce

LAKE SUCCESS, June 20, (Reuter): The United Nations had been officially informed that three United States destroyers and one French corvette are being made available at once to Count Folke Bernadotte, United Nations Mediator for Palestine.

They will be used as coastal patrol vessels for the supervision of the truce.

The American ships will be made available from the fleet now in the Mediterranean. The French vessel will be the "Elan" which will report to the mediator within five days.

SECURITY GUARDS FOR ASSISTANCE

The 49 United Nations security guards who are to assist the mediator Count Folke Bernadotte in Palestine, left La Guardia airfield for the Middle East last night.

They were inspected by Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, who told them "I am confident you will do your duty in the cause of peace."

The group included only seven non-Americans,—coming from Norway, Sweden, Denmark, France (two), China and Australia.

The contingent dressed in the grey United Nations uniform were issued with revolvers, but it was stated it was not known whether they would carry them in Palestine.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

False Disclaimer

Mr. Kasim Razvi has denied Pandit Jawaharlal's accusation that he or his Razakars would kill Hindus in the State. People have long suspected that the Ittehad chieftain often, if not invariably, did not know what he was talking about. Here is proof positive. When the Union Government declared its intention to pursue rioters into Hyderabad territory, Mr. Razvi said, "If a single soldier penetrates into Hyderabad territory, lakhs of people fleeing from Hyderabad will stand in the way of the Union Army like the civilians who intercepted the march of the French Army. But if you become friends towards us, then we shall all treat the Hindus as our best friends." If this does not what Pandit Nehru took it to mean, then one can only wonder at the meaningless verbosity of Mr. Razvi.

Pakistan's "Fool's Paradise"

It is very pleasing to note that for once there has been raised the refreshing voice of truthful realism by an eminent and responsible Pakistan leader. Addressing an audience of Pakistani students in London, Pakistan's Finance Minister, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad "warned them", to quote Reuter's report, "against living in a fool's paradise of attributing their country's misfortunes to the British and the Hindus." We do not know whether this represents a change in official policy or only a personal statement by a Minister. In any case we attach value and importance to it and welcome it. The entire campaign for Pakistan was based and conducted on virulent communalist propaganda. Every opponent was "Hindu" or Hindu-inspired. The Hindu, every one of him without a single exception, was an enemy and the source of every ill, real or imagined, which Muslims suffered from. The strategy was maintained after the achievement of Pakistan too.

Welcome Warning

The psychology of self-preservation against the machinations of the "enemy" has been fully and freely exploited. Pakistan has been faced with all sorts of internal and external troubles, the inevitable results of internal circumstances and the past mistakes of the leaders themselves of Pakistan. It has been the fashion to follow the line of least resistance in dealing with those troubles. The leaders, that is, have dealt with it by just evading it, by shouting "Hindu" —Mr. Ghulam Muhammad is slightly wrong; his country's misfortunes are rarely attributed to the British except by "objectionable" Pakistanis like Khan Abdul Ghaffar, G. M. Syed and Iftikharuddin—and diverting the attention of the people from them and from the real obligations of Pakistan's leadership. The strategy may and does achieve a momentary success. But the difficulties, because they have not been courageously faced and solved, not only remain but, of necessity, multiply. It is time the leaders of Pakistan faced them and solved them lest they and their State be overwhelmed. The "fool's paradise" should be abolished and inescapable responsibilities accepted instead of being passed on to Hindus; which cannot help Pakistan and its people. A change in strategy is also necessary because Pakistan simply cannot afford to keep itself and its people indefinitely in a state of antagonism, even peaceful antagonism, to India. We welcome Mr. Ghulam Muhammad's wise, statesmanlike and courageous warning in the earnest hope that it will be taken by his own official and non-official colleagues as much as the students

Useful Alarm

The Marshall Plan, officially known as the European Recovery Programme, has been saved from complete collapse literally at the eleventh hour. But for the last minute compromise before the American Congress dispersed to meet in the next year, E. R. P. would have been in the waste paper basket and there would have been an end of all the elaborate plans to rescue Europe—and later, China—from economic collapse—and, of course, from "communism". So much depended and depends on the Marshall Plan that its collapse might have changed the course of life and history. And therein lies a very vital lesson for those peoples of the world, who look to America as their one and only saviour. What would have happened if the Plan—and its congressional opponents were not communists—had collapsed after it had become the one and only hope of Europe? The fate of millions had become the political plaything of a few scores of American Congressmen. In such circumstances whole continents, depending helplessly on outside aid for their very survival are threatened with complete surrender and slavery to another people's economic and political prejudices, ambitions and demands. The Congressional crisis of the other day is a valuable alarm, a warning not only to Europe but also to Asia that while the idea of assistance from the United States is undoubtedly valuable it is dangerous as a substitute for the spirit and duty of self-reliance.

BRITISH MILITARY COURT TO TRY GAD HILB

HAIFA, June 20 (Reuter)—Gad Hilb, 24-year-old master of the Jewish immigrant ship "Pan York", arrested by a British naval boarding party yesterday when his ship arrived off Haifa, will be tried by a Special British Military Court it was learned here today.

He will face a charge of wilfully disobeying an order from Lieutenant-General G.A.H. Macmillan, British Commander in Palestine, in refusing to assist Captain Aldridge R.N. to go aboard the "Pan York".

He will also be charged with failing to give specified information on the ship's sailing orders and manifest.

Captain Hilb, a Palestinian citizen, claimed the British navy was not entitled to board his ship before representatives of the Haifa port authority had first gone aboard.

On behalf of General MacMillan, Commodore Peachy R. N. ordered the "Pan York" and her sister ship the "Pan Crescent" which brought Jewish immigrants from eastern Europe at the beginning of the year, not to move their anchorage

SECRET SAILING

The two ships were reported to have sailed secretly from Cyprus, where they were detained by the British authorities after their interception in January, without permission of the Cyprus authorities, and in spite of restricted oil supplies thought to have made them unable to leave

The ships arrived empty in Haifa Bay shortly after midnight yesterday and requested permission to enter the Port to refit.

A party from the British Naval tug "Brigand" was reported to have bordered the "Pan York" an hour later in the glare of searchlights and taken off the Captain forcibly after some argument.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Their next meeting will be on Monday morning when the delegates will decide whether to charter a special plane to fly them to India and to speed their work of investigation and mediation in India, Pakistan and Kashmir.

—Geneva Message.

★ ★ ★

Rajaji at a Calcutta farewell function: "Take it from me, friends, Hindus and Muslims, men, women and children of Bengal, I leave my heart behind."

WHAT, is he going to Govern-General the country without a heart?

★ ★ ★

Some eminent Indian Muslims, led by Sir Sultan Ahmad, Nawab Ismail Khan and others state that the Nizam declined their request for an interview on the ground that his Government were doing their best to reach a peaceful settlement with India for the good of all concerned.

"All concerned." Doesn't need any elucidation, does it? But these Muslims made an obvious blunder. They should have tried to approach Razvi for a visit to the Nizam.

★ ★ ★

The abovementioned Muslims, by the way, proclaim that the draft agreement was generous, liberal and democratic and while congratulating the Government of India on it, they "deeply regret" its rejection by the Nizam's Government.

If this is the attitude of Sir Sultan Ahmad, Nawab Ismail etc. they had better take this as a fair warning: When Razvi presently conquers India —its only a matter of his starting on the march—they will be shot as enemies of the State in front of the Red Fort.

★ ★ ★

Denouncing the arrest and conviction of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Mr. G. M. Syed of Sind is reported to have declared the other day: "We stand for the freedom of expression and organisation and fundamental rights based on equality and protecting of rights and unimpaired autonomy of various cultural and linguistic units."

No wonder the Sind Government of Pakistan's Pir Ilahi Baksh should have obliged by enabling Mr. G. M. Syed to remain standing for all those things in his native village for a period of three months.

★ ★ ★

Addressing Pakistan students in London Finance Minister Ghulam Muhammad warned them against, as Reuters report has it, living in a fools paradise of attributing their country's misfortunes to the British and the Hindus.

We wish before so rudely dragging them out of that particular "fools paradise" Mr. Ghulam Muhammad had paused to remember what he was talking about.

★ ★ ★

The future of Pakistan, Mr. Ghulam Muhammad added, was neither in the hands of Mr. Jinnah nor himself nor any other leader but in the hands of young men like themselves.

Yes, yes, but even ignoring the suggestion of 'lese majeste', the immediate question is: What about the present?

★ ★ ★

PARLIAMENTARY BODIES FOR SUDAN

Ordinance Issued: A Step Towards Self-Government

—Headlines.

From Egypt by Britain.

★ ★ ★

There is a rumour that Egypt is trying to buy fighter planes from Italy.

Which, of course, is too bad of Italy. But, in fairness, oughtn't Egypt to have at least a few Italian fighters to combat flying fortresses which Israel is—er—smuggling from the United States?

★ ★ ★

President Truman has reported to the American Congress that the Greek-Turkish aid programme has been a "stabilising influence in the face of direct and indirect communist aggression."

And the joint American-Soviet "Israel" recognition programme?

★ ★ ★

At a Congress of European, Asiatic and African peoples held in Paris a plea was made for the creation of a "third bloc" of the peoples of West Europe, Asia and Africa as a counterpoise between the United States and Soviet Russia.

It is a most attractive idea, if it can develop into something which is not a bloc for the "protection" of Asiatic and African peoples by Western Europe.

ANOTHER MANAGER SHOT DEAD

Rubber Factory Burnt Down In Malay Estate

SINGAPORE, June 20 (Reuter): Five Chinese armed with stenguns and revolvers last night murdered the Chinese manager of the Chan Wing estate at Benok Labis in the southernmost state of Johore. The gang shot the manager at pointblank range.

Another party of five Chinese armed with rifles and sawn-off shot guns looted the provision store of the Johore river estate.

The leaders of the former Malayan people's anti-Japanese army in Johore have gone underground and have called the former members to rejoin on an "active basis", says 'Sunday Times.'

The police say that ex-guerilla chiefs have already taken to the hills and have issued a "call to arms" preliminary to the commencement of large-scale Guerilla activity.

In Nasai, Johore, a European planter was reported to have fired at unknown intruders on Friday night. The intruders fled.

Further north a Chinese gang of twenty men yesterday burned down a rubber factory and the Kyer owner at Kluang.

Benes Goes Out Of Public Gaze

He Preferred Silence To Speech With The Gottwald Touch

PRAGUE, June 20 (Reuter)—A close friend of Dr. Edward Benes, who has been in touch with the former President since his resignation on June 7, gave "Reuter" the following picture of Dr. Benes in retirement.

After his resignation, he seemed much relieved. He sees his task as a statesman as ended and he will spend the rest of his life watching the international situation, the working of the new regime in Czechoslovakia and in finishing his memoirs.

The second volume of the memoirs, covering the period from his arrival in Britain in October 1938 to the signature of the Czech-Soviet Treaty in December 1943 was published last Christmas

The first 200,000 copies have been sold out. A second printing of 50,000 copies was recently issued. The publishing firm is State-owned.

Dr. Benes hopes to publish the first volume before the end of this year. It will cover Munich about which Dr. Benes and the communists differ.

The communists maintain that Dr. Benes should have chosen war instead of capitulation as they believe that Germany was insufficiently prepared.

Dr. Benes agreed that Hitler was not so well prepared, but argues that the Allies were even lesss prepared.

The last volume deals with the period from the beginning of 1944 to the return to Prague in 1945, including negotiations with communists for re-establishing the Czechoslovak Government.

Dr Benes, a descendant of Czech peasants, after all his years at the Sorbonne, Versailles, Geneva, Hradcan Castle and Lany clings to his small property at Sezimovo Usti with the Villa he built for his old age, and the garden where every tree and plant were set by himself and his wife.

A neighbour is Zdenek Fierlinger, the Social Democrat, who played a leading role in the Moscow negotiations, who was first Prime Minister in 1945, and who was now led his party into fusion with the communists.

President Benes was recovering from illness when the strain of the February events this year damaged his health. He did not want to change his doctors and his friends believe that he continued too long under unsuitable medical advice. His personal physician for many years was known best as a specialist in women's diseases and after February fled.

Few Czech doctors have been able to keep abreast of medical science and some who emigrated during war did not return. Czechoslosakia on the other hand has had financial difficulties in securing the new drugs delevoped in the West.

Lack of the best attention retarded Dr. Benes recovery. He suffered sun stroke last summer which led to an ear inflammation and breakdown of the nerves leading to the lower jaw, so that for a time his speech was impeded.

Dr. Benes left Hardcin Castle on February 26 for Sezimovo Usti.

He intended to resign, but his wish to speak to the nation was frustrated.

As the constitution demanded, presidental statements had to be approved by the Prime Minister. Dr Benes hoped to make a farewell broadcast as he did after Munich. He found this impossible and retired to the country.

As after Munich, he could see no chance of changing the course of events without the risk of bloodshed and international complications.

Nobody expects Dr. Benes to take part in further political activity. The Government has given him Lany Castle, and will probably provide staff and guards, but he may use it only to house the large private library and archives which he has gathered over the past 30 years.

Mrs. Benes has found a flat in Prague, near the Czernin Palace, which houses the Foreign Ministry.

During July and part of August Dr. and Mrs. Benes and a niece will stay in an isolated villa near the Spa of Tatra Lomnica, in the Tatra mountains, and it is unlikely that the public will hear of them again until the new volume of memoirs is ready for publication, in October or later.

Money War In Germany

Berliners Watch For Soviet Move Against West

BERLIN, June 20 (Reuter) : Berliners were tonight tensely watching for the slightest clue to Soviet counter-measures to today's currency reform in Western Germany, and the City was alive with rumours.

While German circles in close touch with the Russians expected them to postpone reform, others were quoted as saying a formal Soviet announcement would be made today or tomorrow.

Both the Russians and the Western Allies were "known" to be prepared to issue new money in their own sectors of the Four-Power Capital "when the time came".

The British-licensed "Telegraf" predicted today the Soviet authorities would issue a restricted number of old Reichsmarks with a special stamp as the new Soviet Zone currency.

Other informed reports said the Western Allies might introduce the new Deutsche Mark into their own sectors if the Russians tried to impose a currency of their own on the City.

Meanwhile Berliners have to use the old money, now valueless in the Western Zones.

Stories were current here today of crates containing new money being unloaded at the United States airport. According to one, several large crates were brought in last night, and the police guard told an eyewitness they contained "new Marks".

Another story said several planes in the last few days had unloaded crates labelled "clay"—like those from which the new money was distributed in the Western Zones.

An absolute denial that any money had been sent from Frankfurt to Berlin was made today by Colonel William Brey, United States Chief of the Foreign Repository in Reichsbank there, from which the Deutsche Marks were distributed in the West.

German political circles in close touch with the Soviet authorities stated that Marshall Vassili Sokolovsky, the Russian Military Governor, had agreed to postpone Eastern Zone currency reform to: (1) leave the way open for possible last — minute negotiations with the Western Allies. (2) enable Soviet Zone financial experts to study the change in the West and avoid some of the inevitable techenincal mistakes.

The same circles said that when eastern reform was put into effect it would be "a social reform, not just a financial operation".

In the Western Zones Germans were queuing up for their ration of new money as early as midnight and many rural areas in Hesse reported that half the population had changed their Marks by noon.

The black market rapidly adjusted its prices to the new regime, but dealers in Frankfurt were confident that the Deutsche Mark would not destroy the value of the cigarette as the staple medium of exchange.

Outside Frankfurt's main railway station one operator displayed a roll which he admitted "was probably about 500 marks of the new stuff"—equal to the first ration for thirteen people.

Distressed And Disturbed

American Concern Over Ghaffar Khan's Arrest

NEW YORK, June 20, (Reuter): Mr. J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, has cabled Sir Mohommed Zafrulla Khan, Pakistan Foreign Minister, expressing grave concern at the reported arrest and sentencing of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan.

The cable, sent on behalf of the League, read: "News of the arrest and sentencing of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan has been received here by friends of freedom with great trepidation. Appreciate full details".

Disclosing the text of the cable, Mr. Singh declared that Americans interested in India and Pakistan were gravely concerned over the arrest.

"Khan has been a fighter for freedom all his life", he said: "We are very distressed and disturbed that a man of his character, qualities and record should be treated like

Raid On Turkish Village

Turkey To Protest To Bulgaria

ISTANBUL, June 20. (UPI): The Turkish authorities, it is learnt, are conducting an enquiry into a raid made by an armed band on a Turkish village on the Bulgarian frontier. One villager is reported to have been killed.

The Turkish Foreign Department is also said to be preparing a strong note of protest to be delivered to the Bulgarian authorities.

BHAVNAGAR, June 19. (API): The Bhavnagar Labour Association has given 15 days' notice to go on strike if their demand for increased and minimum wages is either accepted by the mills or submitted to arbitration or the Saurashtra Government does not appoint a Tribunal to decide this question.

De Gaulle's Diatribe Against French Government

VERDUN, June 20 (Reuter): All observers saw in this the beginning of a campaign to heal the breach between De Gaullists and former supporters of Petain's Vichy regime.

The circumstances today are such that I must recall the errors committed (after our victory in the first world war)," the General said.

"The doubts a tired France felt about herself, combined with the illusions of our British and American Allies, resulted in the revival and rearmament of German Imperialism.

"Our foreign policy was linked, although with groaning, to the short-sighted attitudes adopted in the other side of the Channel.

"Thus it came about that a great chief of the great war (Marshal Petain) was carried away, under the weight of old age, by the current of successive surrenders.

"Today France senses that her destiny is once more gravely threatened.

"Internally, economic and social disorder favours those who want to make of poverty the platform of their dictatorship. Externally, two-thirds of Europe and a big part of Asia are under the law of Soviet Russia and constitute a colossal instrument of Domination, more especially if the ambition of a revived German Reich sooner or later linked up with it.

"At this moment we see an inadequate public authority, speaking in the name of a contemptible parliamentary majority, which everybody knows only represents a weak minority in the country, risking the whole destiny of France by its attitude to Germany."

Goodbye To India

(Continued from page 1)

(the date specifically mentioned in the Indian Independence Act as the end of the interim period) and, later, I was deeply honoured by the invitation to extend this time until June. It has been difficult to decide at what juncture it would be in India's best interests that an Indian should be appointed in my place; but I hope that time will show that I have stayed long enough to be useful; but not too long, so as to deprive India of the right which her freedom has conferred on her, to choose one of her own people to be the Head of the State. It is a particular pleasure to me that the choice should fall on my friend Rajaji, for no one is better qualified to take over the post.

UNFORGETTABLE EXPERIENCE

It has been an unforgettable experience for myself and my family to have been privileged to be in India during these past, historic fifteen months. India has a great history behind her—and she has a great history ahead of her. She has many problems, grave problems, such as would be bound to face any national suddenly achieving freedom—but magnified in her case by the fact that this freedom has been attained at a time of unparallelled world-wide difficulties, and in a country that contains nearly one-sixth of the human race. But I know that she will solve these problems and that her difficulties will be surmounted; India is destined to fill a high place in the world and to play a high part in the world's affairs.

WEALTH OF INDIA

India is potentially as rich a country as any in the world. Quite apart from the wealth within the ground itself, such as coal, iron ore, manganese and all the other valuable minerals, quite apart from the immense possibility of further prosperity from Hydro-electric power and irrigation schemes, there remains the greatest source of wealth that any country can have—the hundreds of millions of its ordinary people. For with them rest not only the age-long traditions of manual labour, but the inheritance of the new technical age and of the ever increasing skill which further training will provide. Inventive genius, which is latent in the Indian people, can now be harnessed as never before for the benefit and prosperity of themselves and of the whole world. Clearly the spread of universal education and the advance of social service and conscience are essential if those creative forces are to be fully realised. These things will come about, but for all that India's greatest asset will, I am sure, always lie in the character of her people. I myself saw the most stupendous crowds in my life in India—on Independence Day, at Gandhiji's funeral, at the Mela at Allahabad and on other historic occasions. The good nature, and friendliness of these vast masses were unforgettable. I realised then that I was seeing before me the raw material of India's future greatness.

Your Draft Constitution takes its place among the great Documents of Liberty and Human Rights. Be worthy of it. Goethe wrote that only he is worthy of true freedom who is prepared to establish it himself in his everyday life. It is not the fact that high ideals are written into your constitution that will help you, but the stern resolve with which you yourselves determine to suppress all that could militate against these ideals being put into practice.

PERSONAL NOTE.

I would like to end this talk on a personal note. During the last fifteen months in India my wife and I have visited every single province, and the majority of the Major States; and wherever we have gone we have been received with universal friendliness and kindness. My wife, who has been so closely associated with welfare work, particularly among refugees and abducted women, has had an even greater opportunity of meeting the people than I have had myself; and I know how deeply she has appreciated the help and co-operation given to her by all officials, and the way that she has been received by all the people with whom she has come in contact.

Wherever we may go in the future, both of us will remember with a sense of pride and of real humility the wonderful kindness and friendship we have received on all sides. We shall continue to love India and to take the deepest personal interest in her future welfare.

CABINET RECEPTION

NEW DELHI, June 20 (A.P.I.): The Prime Minister and the Ministers of the Government of India gave a farewell reception in honour of the Governor-General and Lady Mountbatten at the Government House tonight. Over 6,000 guests were present.

Earlier the Prime Minister and his colleagues gave a banquet in honour of their Excellencies. Over hundred guests including the Governor-General-Designate, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, and members of the Diplomatic Corps were present. Lord Mountbatten proposed the toast of the King. Pandit Nehru later raised the toast of Their Excellencies.

On this occasion Lord Mountbatten presented to the people and the Government of India a set of ten pieces of gold plate which is the property of the King as a gift from His Majesty as a symbol of friendship from the British people.

Pandit Nehru presented a silver tray on which were inscribed the signatures of the Cabinet Ministers and the Governors of Provinces.

The tray also bore the following inscription: "To the Mountbattens on the eve of their departure from India with affection and good wishes as a token of their friendship."

Cloth For Pakistan Under False Colours

CAWNPORE, June 20 (API). A cloth dealer of Generalganj was arrested today for sending huge quantity of cloth packed in five huge quantity of under the label of soaps to Pakistan. Five more such boxes were recovered from the house of the cloth dealer following a search of his house, it is alleged.

FALL OF KAIFENG IMMINENT

Communists' Smash Their Way Into City's Suburbs

NANKING, June 20, (Reuter): Official Chinese military reports today announced the virtual loss of Kaifeng, capital of Honan Province.

The Communists were yesterday reported to have smashed their way into the city's suburbs after heavy fighting. Appeals were rushed to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek to send reinforcements.

The military news agency, reputed to be connected with the national defence ministers, said today that the Government defenders now held only three main positions to the north-east of the city.

It was reported from Shanghai today that General Pai Chung-Hsi, a former Defence Minister, would leave soon for Hankow to direct the anti-Communist campaign in Central China.

The General will be solely responsible to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek, it was stated.

Reports here today said that General Cheng-Chein has been appointed Director of the newly-established Chiang pacification headquarters. This headquarters is to assume directorial responsibility for the fight against Communists in Honan and Kiangsi Provinces.

JAP. REPARATIONS TO CHINA.

SHANGHAI, June 20, (Reuter): The China merchant steamer "Chi Chung" was expected here tonight with a cargo of Japanese reparations to China.

The ship, from the former Japanese naval base at Sasebo, is carrying 1,700 tons of equipment, said to be contained in 769 packing cases.

The National Defence Ministry is to get 300 of the cases and 250 will go to the Economic Affairs Ministry. Disposal of the remainder was not stated.

CHINESE AIR SERVICES MAY BE CURTAILED.

Chinese airlines today faced suspension of several of their services because of tomorrow's steep rise in aviation petrol prices.

The fuel prices, recently boosted by 80 per cent, are to rise up to 116 per cent.

AHMEDABAD, June 20, (API): The Ahmedabad Municipality has decided to construct about five hundred temporary shops of bricks, mud and corrugated sheets to be leased to refugees for five years on a rent of about rupees fifteen a month. The refugees are at present using foot-paths as shops in crowded areas.

Assam Separation Council Session Ends

SHILLONG, June 20 (A.P.I.) : Substantial agreement is reported to have been reached on all points at the three-day session of the Assam Separation Council which concluded today. His Excellency the Governor of Assam presiding.

The East Bengal Ministers, Messrs Hamidul Huq Choudhury and Abdul Hamid represented their Government while Mr. Bishnu Ram Medhi and Mr. Ramnath Das attended on behalf of the Assam Government.

Matters of common concern to East Bengal and Assam were also discussed at the meeting. It was decided that apart from the work of the Separation Council, a meeting at ministerial level should take place some time in August between the two provinces to iron out the difficulties that may arise specially in the economic life of the two provinces.

World T. U. Federation Admitted To I. L. O.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20 (Reuter): After months of disagreement the World Federation of Trade Unions has been admitted to formal relationship with the International Labour Organisation (ILO) by 31 votes to one.

As a compromise the I.L.O. conference over the week-end also admitted two rival organisations—the International Confederation of Christian Trade Unions and the International Confederation of the Workers.

Mr. S. Lall, the Indian : V wi Mr. S. Lall, the Indian delegate opposed the admission of these two rival bodies.

He said it was a pity that the religious factor had to be introduced.

PITTSBURGH, June 19. (Reuter): A strike called for midnight tomorrow by 18,500 production workers at nine plants of the Aluminium Company of America has been postponed for one week after intervention by the Government conciliation service. Mr. Philip Murray, President of the Congress of Industrial Organisations and the United Steel Workers, announced today.

SEVERAL KILLED IN CAIRO EXPLOSION

CAIRO, June 20 (Reuter): A serious explosion shook the Jewish quarter of Cairo early today. First reports said a number of people were killed and injured.

The explosion, which was believed to have been caused by two bombs, demolished 8 houses, killing between 30 and 40 people and injuring about 50.

Police cordoned off the area and were carrying out an investigation.

Later, official reports put the number of killed at 25 and injured 54—37 seriously.

Unofficial and unconfirmed reports said the explosion was caused by explosives which were in a Jewish house.

MADRAS, June 20, (API): Mr. Kasturi Srinivasan, Managing Editor, "The Hindu" and leader of the Indian Press delegation to England and Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, Editor, "Swadesamitran" and member of the delegation, and party returned to Madras this evening by plane after a month's stay in England.

NEW DELHI, June 19, (API): Recruitment of ratings is now going on to meet the additional requirements of India's navy. Recruits hitherto have generally come from certain limited areas in India but, it is hoped that the navy of independent India will prove attractive all over the country, says a press note.

PASSPORTS TO MALAYA

All persons desirous of proceeding to the Federation of Malaya and/or the Colony of Singapore should, according to the latest regulations, possess valid passports issued by the Passport Issuing Authorities in India or Certificate of Identity issued by the Immigration Authorities of those Governments.

Applications for passports should be made to the Provincial Governments, Chief Commissioners, etc. concerned. Visas are not required.

Stop Press

18 KILLED, 43 INJURED IN CAIRO EXPLOSIONS

CAIRO, June 20, (Reuter): Rescue squads were tonight working desperately among debris in the Jewish quarter of Cairo where two early morning explosions destroyed eight houses and damaged many others.

The latest death roll was 18 killed with 43 injured.

AWAITING TRUMAN'S SIGNATURE

WASHINGTON, June 20, (Reuter): A bill for a 150,000,000 dollars revolving fund to finance purchases of American cotton, wool and other fibres for processing in Japan, Germany and other occupied areas today awaited President Truman's signature after rapid passage through the Senate.

FURTHER RISE IN WHOLESALE PRICES

NEW DELHI, June 20, (A. P. I.): Wholesale prices in India, as measured by the Economic Adviser's index, witnessed a rise of 0.9 per cent during the week ended May 29, 1948 and the index which stood at 377.5 (base year ended August 1939-100) was 6.7 per cent more than that of a month ago and 28.3 per cent higher than that of the corresponding week of last year, says a press note. The average for May 1948 worked out to 366.9 as compared with 347.9 (revised) for the previous month and 288.6 for May 1947.

During the week under review, although wheat (—9 per cent) at Amritsar recorded an appreciable fall, the index number for "foodstuffs" advanced at 1.2 per cent to 366.7 owing to increases in the prices of rice (plus 11 per cent) at Patna and Arhar (plus eight per cent) at Hapur.

In the list of "industrial raw materials", the effect of considerable rises in the prices of cotton raw (plus eight per cent) and goatskins raw (plus 10.5 per cent) were only partially counterbalanced by the decline in the prices of jute raw (—3 per cent) and export price of manganese ore (—10 per cent) and as a result the group index moved up by 1.0 per cent to 451.2.

The most significant changes in "semi-manufactures", which also advanced fractionally to 323.9 were appreciable rises in the prices of sheepskins (plus 12 per cent) goatskins (plus 6 per cent) and brass (plus 7 per cent) and the downward movements recorded by zinc and cocoanut cake (—10 per cent) and copper (—7 per cent).

In manufactures, there was a setback in the case of jute manufactures (—3 per cent) but the upward trend of cotton manufactures (plus 3 per cent) pushed up the index of this group by 1.0 per cent to 365.3.

Higher prices of tobacco (plus 2 per cent) caused a rise of 1.0 per cent to 517.2 in the miscellaneous group.

80 METER HURDLES IN 11 SECONDS

Dutch Woman Breaks Her Own Record

AMSTERDAM, June 20, (Reuter): Mrs. Fanny Blankers-Koen, of Holland, did the 80 meters women's hurdles in exactly 11 seconds today to beat her own world record of 11.3 seconds.

Running in the Olympic Stadium during the halftime interval in the football match between Great Britain's probable Olympic team and a Dutch selected team. Blanker-Koen was assisted by a strong following wind and it remains to be seen whether her new record will be officially recognised by the international Federation.

LITTLE COMINTERN MEETS BEHIND IRON CURTAIN

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter) : European communist leaders were tonight reported assembling somewhere behind the Iron Curtain for a meeting of the nine-nation Cominform — possibly to launch an offensive against the Marshall Aid Plan finally approved by the United States Congress today.

A stricter line for the member-parties was also foreshadowed by Italian political quarters as an outcome to the meeting, most likely venue for which seemed to be Bucharest, although Prague has also been mentioned.

Signor Palmiro Togliatti, Italian communist leader and one of the movement's biggest theoreticians, left Prague for Bucharest last night after flying from Rome, a Reuter despatch reported.

Herr Wilhelm Pieck and Herr Otto Grotewohl, joint chairmen of the communist-dominated German Socialist Unity party, have been officially reported in Rumania for some days.

Madame Genevieve Tabouis, writing in today's "France Libre", said the French Communist leader, M. Jacques Duclos "had to go to Prague for a new session of the Cominform in which Moscow personalities will take part."

In Paris, too, the right-wing newspaper L'Epoque" quoted the latest journal of the Cominform as urging rejection of the "popular front" formula — under which the Italian communists joined with leftwing socialists in the recent general election.

The formula meant "swamping" of action by Communist leaders and "undermining the confidence of the masses," the journal was quoted as saying.

"Lepokue" reported that the Cominform journal also called for "discernment" in considering applications for membership of Communists parties.

Signed by M. V. Grigoryan, a Soviet writer, the article said: "The rapid growth of a party has the effect of lowering the degree of conscience of its members and to discredit to some extent its standing."

He estimated membership of the eight biggest European communist parties outside Russia as totalling 7,000,000 made up as follows:

Italy — 2,283,000; Czechoslovakia — 2,000,000; France, Hungary and Poland — 1,000,000; Rumania — 800,000; Bulgaria — 500,000; Yugoslavia — 430,000.

PRICE REVISION

Asbestos Cement Ltd. announce the following revised public list prices of "Everest" and "Crownit" Asbestos Cement Roofing Sheets which will be reflected in all orders accepted as from 17th May 1948. These are nett to users and subject to a discount of 5% to *bona fide* contractors. Purchasers are requested to report to the Company any attempt to charge more.

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"LADIES' RUBBER "WELLINGTONS", Foreign make, Shiny quality, Warm Felt Lining. Sizes 2 to 5 only. (in Black only). Rs. 22/8 per pair.

"CHILDREN'S RUBBER WELLINGTONS" Shiny quality, length upto knee. In Black

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RELIEF AND REHABILITATION MAKE HEADWAY

Government Plans For Brighter Life For Refugees

NEW DELHI, June 17, 1948.

The administration of all refugee camps in India will be handed over to Provinces and States concerned during June, 1948.

The Directorate-General of Evacuation which was originally set up in the middle of January for the evacuation of non-Muslims from Pakistan in general and Sind in particular, was later on assigned the duty of organising reception points and camps for accommodation of refugees in a wide area comprising Rajputana States, Cutch and the Kathiawar States, Central India States, Bombay Presidency and the Central Provinces.

The Directorate was called upon to secure accommodation for about four lakhs of Sindhi refugees, of whom about 225,000 had to be admitted to relief camps.

EAST PUNJAB

There has been a marked decrease in camp populations in Rohtak and Karnal district camps, whereas gradual decrease has been continuing in the camps of Ludhiana, Ambala, Gurgoan, Hissar and Amritsar districts. The Nasrala Camp in Hoshiarpur has been wound up. The total camp population in East Punjab has decreased from 453,706 in the third week of April to its present figure of 429,213. During first three weeks of May 21,838 refugees crossed the border from West Punjab.

The East Punjab Government is contemplating to turn the Gandhi Vanita Ashram into an institution for refugee orphaned girls who will be collected from all over East Punjab.

The total number of arrivals at Gandhi Vanita Ashrm up to May 15 has been 3,149 women and children, out of whom 2,720 have already been restored to their relatives. The latest feature of this Ashram is a nursery school. Arrangements to impart vocational training in basket-making, spinning and weaving and tailoring have also been made.

The site of Tanda Military Rest Camp, some distance from the main Pathankot-Palampur Road in Kangra valley has been selected for establishing a Home for orphan boys with capacity to accommodate over 1,000. The Home is expected to start functioning very soon.

DELHI

Over 1,000 refugee women have been given profitable occupation in six work centres in Delhi run by the Women's Section of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation. The centres are located in the Hindu Mahasabha Bhawan, Karolbagh, Subzimandi, Central Lane, Lodi Colony and Connaught Circus.

In these ceintres refugee women are employed in crafts like tailoring knitting and embroidery. They are paid either on piece-work basis or daily wages, and paid teachers have been employed in these centres.

There are at present 789 women and children living in various Homes for destitute women. Classes in embroidery, basket-making, spinning and tailoring are conducted in these Homes to make these women and children self-supporting.

One hundred and fifty boys are receiving education at a Middle School recently started by the Women's Section in Lodi Colony. Another Middle School for girls is expected to be started shortly in Paharganj.

BOMBAY

A new refugee camp was opened in H.M.I.S. 'Akbar' with a capacity for 115,000 people, on March 30. Most of the refugees swarming the city docks were removed by special trains to this camp.

Two other small camps have been opened in the Willingdon and Lawrence Lines at Deolali with a capacity for 8,000 persons. It is proposed to open two other camps in the Robert and Clive Lines for 20000 in the next few days.

UNITED PROVINCES

The total number of refugees registered in the United Provinces is about 4 lakhs. Dehra Dun has the largest number where registered refugees alone are 49,249 of whom 11,700 are destitutes who are fed and clothed at Government expense. Schools have been opened to impart vocational and academic training to children of school-going age.

Other refugee camps in hthe U. P. are at Faizabad, Banares, Badaon, Jaunpur, Meerut, Pilibhit, Bijnore, Bareilly and Barabanki.

RAJPUTANA

In the Rajputana region, there are about 25,662 refugees. They are distributed in the various camps in Jodhpur, Indore, Udaipur, Jaipur and Bikaner States.

In Kathiawar there are about 20,960 refugees, and in Central India and the Central Provinces about 31030.

FOOD AND CLOTHING

Food rations to refugees have been increased in Centrally administered camps, as well as those administered by the East Punjab Government. Camp inmates are getting more rations than that fixed for a civilian during rationing days.

The following figures show the latest position of distribution of quilts, blankets, bundies and other articles of clothing:

Quilts: 13,92,734; Blankets: 3,87,979; Great coats: 86,985; Jerseys: 1,51,380; Bundies: 2,56,982; Shirts: 5,39,850; Short Mazhri: 5,05,068; Short Khaki drill: 4,18,100 and other cloth: 31,64,561.

To meet the increasing demands of women for 'dupattas' and of Sikh refugees for turbans, the Government of India have made arrangements to send 100 bales of mulmul to these camps.

Health centres, set up in bigger camps for the benefit of expectant and nursing mothers and infants, as well as for training of dais, have continued working satisfactorily.

No shortage of medicines and other hospital equipment has been reported. Penicillin, Cholera vaccine, vaccine lymph, T.A.B. vaccine, bleaching powder, phenyle, DDT, anti-masuito cream etc are being supplied regularly to camp hospitals.

Rapid dispersal of 1,55,502 refugees at present in camps has been planned. Some of them will be settled on land still available in East Punjab and other parts of India, while others, benefiting from the various rehabilitation loan schemes, will be absorbed in the economic life of the country.

The rest of the refugees in camps in East Punjab, who are able-bodied, will be employed on various national development schemes, including the Bhakra Dam and Nangal projects. They will be paid a living wage and provided free accommodation.

The Rehabilitation and Development Board has invited the views of provincial Governments on the Board's scheme to set up a Pioneer Labour Force (Peace Time Refugee Army).

Of the 5-1/2 million refugees from Western Pakistan, those in refugee camps at present are as follows:—East Punjab 4,29,213; Delhi 45,155; Kurukshetra 1,70,000; Rajputana 46,623; Kathiawar 24,937, Bombay Presidency 1,58,970; C. P. and Central India 43,997 and the U. P. 1,36;607.

The rest of the refugees have spread themselves throughout the Indian Union, the largest number, mainly from West Punjab, being located in East Punjab. Over 4,00,000 are in Delhi and about 5,00,000 in Western U. P. The 7,00,000 refugees from Sind are mainly concentrated in Bombay Presidency, the C. P. and Rajputana States.

TWO LAKHS FOR CENTRAL PROVINCES

A target of two lakh refugees for resettlement in the Central Provinces has been set. Steps are being taken by the provincial Government to build 3,000 houses, as also the same number of trade shops, throughout the province. Eighty per cent of the refugees that will be absorbed in the province will be traders.

Cultivator refugees will be settled on 2,00,000 acres of land and co-operative societies will be encouraged.

DELHI PROVINCE

The Rehabilitation and Development Board has received from the Delhi Improvement Trust a plan for a site near Jungpura village, which has been found suitable for the setting up of a colony on a co-operative basis. Government approval to the scheme is awaited.

The Rehabilitation Commissioner of the United Provinces has been asked by the Board to examine the availability of suitable sites in Modinagar and Muradnagar for setting up townships. The area promises facilities for housing and gainful occupations. Detailed investigations are being undertaken.

The Shadipur Extension scheme will be put into operation as soon as the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation have scrutinized its financial implications. It is expected to construct 5,486 houses in this area.

The suggestion that land should be offered to refugees on a 99 year lease in satellite townships is receiving the Ministry's consideration.

EAST BENGAL REFUGEES

The Government of India have decided to have a sample survey of the East Bengal refugee population in West Bengal executed through the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta. Preliminary action in this regard has been started by the Institute. The report of the Institute on the survey is expected some time in September.

LOANS

The Rehabilitation and Development Board has reminded telegraphically the Provinces and States which have not yet started disbursement of loans under the schemes recommended to them by the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation and has asked them to implement the scheme forthwith.

DOMICILE RULES WAIVED

Intimation has been received from the following provinces and States which have agreed to relax rules pertaining to domicile: The United Provinces, Navanagar, Dattia, Chhota Udaipur, Rajpipla; Palanpur, Sachni; Johar, Sargana, Varsoda, Bhuderwa; Pattodi, Mohanpur; Manwadar; Cutch; Gondal; Balasinar; Bania and Junagadh.

An erroneous impression had gained ground that Sikhs were not welcome in certain provinces or States of the Indian Union. No restrictions on their movements have been imposed and they are eligible for rehabilitation schemes in force where they choose to settle.

Provincial Governments have been requested to start school in refugee camps for the education of children, if not already done, so that a certain number of refugee teachers might find employment there.

SCHOLARSHIPS: Refugee children who have lost their parents or guardians, or have lost both their parents, will be granted scholarships to continue their studies. Such of those children who are in Delhi province will be the responsibility of the Women's Section of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation for the purposes of their education.

Scholarships up to Rs. 25 each, per month, will be given to such children as are admitted to a recognised institution. Such children, however, will not be entitled to other concessions sanctioned by the Government of India for loans.

BLIND REFUGEE CHILDREN: The Government of India have sanctioned a grant of Rs. 500 to meet the travelling expenses to blind children who have come out from Pakistan as refugees and desire to receive education in Ajmer or in any other suitable institution for the blind.

PROPERTY AND REGISTRATION.

Over 53,000 claims had been registered by the Registrar of Claims, Delhi, up to the end of April. Details are follows: West Punjab: 44,343 claims valuing Rs. 6,975,163,020; N.-W. F. P.: 6,255 claims valuing Rs. 469,572,799; Sind: 1,259 claims valuing Rs. 110,269,530; States: 1,292 claims valuing Rs. 69,048,244; Baluchistan: 795 claims valuing Rs. 38,562,399.

It is expected that evacuees' claims to property, movable and immovable, left by them in the two Dominions will be finally discussed at an Inter-Dominion conference to be held shortly.

REGISTRATION: Registration in Delhi continues of those refugees only who had already applied and were asked to come for registration. Since early October, when registration in Delhi began up to May 15, 1948, over 69,000 families have been registered, bringing the total number of persons to well over 4,00,000.

The U. P. Government has decided to check further influx of refugees into the province by stopping registration. Approximately 4,00,000 have been registered within the province.

The West Bengal Government has taken measures to begin registration of those refugees who have crossed over from East Bengal. Over 12 Centres have been opened for registration.

RESTORATION OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Particulars of 899 cases in which arms and ammunition were seized from Hindus and Sikhs at the time of their evacuation from West Pakistan without giving receipts have been sent to Pakistan Government. The latter should, according to the Inter-Dominision Agreement, promptly investigate all such cases and take action to restore the arms. Particulars of arms and ammunition seized from Hindus and Sikhs after giving receipts are being collected and will be sent to Pakistan Government. According to the agreement, Pakistan Government will collect all such arms and hand them over to the Indian authorities for being restored to their owners.

Ashok Mehta's Reply To Pandit Pant

"Let No False Claims Be Made For Congress During Elections"

Asoka Mehta has issued the following statement: "In his anxiety to canvas votes for Congress against the Socialists in the bye-elections to the U.P. Legislative Assembly, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces has made claims and insinuations that are untrue, misleading and insulting to the intelligence of the electorate. Incapable of claiming the confidence of the voters through achievement of his own Government prestige and the consideration for stability of the Nehru Governments. The Congress cannot today monopolise credit for national liberation; for who can claim to be a greater freedom fighter than Acharya Narendra Deo whom Pandit Pant is fighting today? The Congress has not, as Pandit Pant claims succeeded in maintaining peace in the country, nor will its defeat at the polls mean chaos and anarchy for the country. Let no false claims be made to mislead the voters.

"Everybody knows that in the Hyderabad issue a vote against the Congress and for the Socialists far from being a vote against democratisation and accession, means a demand for the total liquidation of the Nizam. About Kashmir too Pandit Nehru's unacceptance of the U.N. decision has vindicated the policy which the Socialists have long advocated. A vote for that policy will strengthen Pandit Nehru's hands in dealing with the U.N. Commission. Why, then, the insinuation that a vote against the Congress will undermine the position of the nation in any way?

WORLD RICE YIELD

WASHINGTON, June 20, (Reuter): A two per cent increase in world rice production—attributed mostly to bigger acreage in India—was reported by the United States Department of Agriculture here today.

Production is still, however, four per cent below average pre-war production.

Total production was estimated at 7,150 million bushels compared with 7,000 million bushels in the 1946-47 harvest. Pre-war average was 7,450 million bushels.

Shortage of fertilisers causes a yield per acre generally lower than before the war, it was stated.

PRICE CONTROL ORDER IN HYDERABAD

Shops Dealing In Imported Goods Sealed

HYDERABAD (Dn.) June 20, (A. P. I.): The Nizam's police in a series of raids this morning sealed off all shops, godowns and other premises, dealing in imported goods, throughout Hyderabad State.

Except cloth shops, every kind of dealer including tobacconists, general merchants, dealers in electric goods and chemists were affected by the order.

This step which was interpreted by some as preparation for a complete blockade by the Indian Union was, however, explained by a Government spokesman as a preliminary to the imposition of price control over articles necessary to the life of the people. The official revealed at the same time that the Nizam's Government had promulgated a price control order with effect from today.

HOARDING ALLEGED

The spokesman said that since the breakdown of the recent Indo-Hyderabad talks, merchants dealing in essential articles had increased the prices four-fold and had secreted goods. The object of the price control order was to enable the equitable distribution of essential goods at reasonable prices to all. Officials of the Civil Supplies Department—which has been revived—are busy taking an inventory of all articles and fixing the prices, and as soon as this was done, goods would be open for sale to consumers, the official added.

RIGHT OF PASSAGE THROUGH HYDERABAD

Collector Of Krishna District Will Assert It, Despite Trouble

MADRAS, June 20 (API)—Mail-carrying buses plying from Jaggayapet to Munagala and Lingagiri, areas of Krishna District and enclaves in Hyderabad territory, stopped functioning from yesterday, according to a report published in the "Hindu" today from its Bezwada correspondent.

The report adds that the stoppage had been caused by the harassment to which the bus people, were being subjected by the Nizam's police at Kodada, through which the road runs to Munagala and Lingagiri. Mr. R. S. Malayappan, District Magistrate of Krishna, has been informed of this by the Special Magistrate at Munagala.

From June 15 onwards, passenger buses plying between Jaggayapet and Munagala stopped plying as drivers and conductors refused to take them. Essential commodities like sugar, salt, cloth, kerosene and petrol were not being carried by cars or private lorries. From June 15, only Government civil supply transports and Government officers' jeeps and cars were proceeding to Munagala and Lingagiri. The mail bus was being provided with police escort from Jaggayapet to Munagala and Nadigudrem. But the Nizam's police ignored the presence of Indian policemen and their protest and threatened them

Interviewed last night, Mr. Malayappan, the Collector said that Government were going to assert their right of passage through Hyderabad territory to the Union enclaves at any cost and would move things necessary to people if necessary, military convoys would provided for people and goods going to and oming into Indian areas.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Hon. Mr. Justice H. N. Bhagawati, performing the opening ceremony of the new premises of the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan Office at Chowpatty this evening, said that the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan was not an institution. It was a movement and a cause.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, President of the Bhavan who was expected to perform the ceremony was absent due to unavoidable circumstances.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, Vice-President of the Bhagvan sketched briefly the activities of the Bhavan and hoped that it would become a centre of culture in Bombay like Shantiniketan in Bengal and Adyar in Madras.

Stating that Rs. 2 lakhs were collected from the recent exhibition in aid of the Bhavan, Mrs. Munshi said that the new building now under construction, would be completed by December.

JOINT U. S. TURKISH COMMAND

London Talks For 'Strategic Zone In Mediterranean'

LONDON, June 20. (U.P.I.): The Chief of Turkish Military Intelligence, Col. Turkmen, has arrived here for discussions with State and War Department representatives, in connection with the establishment of a "strategic zone" along the Turkish Mediterranean coast which will be under joint American-Turkish Command.

It is stated that plans were discussed in a recent conference of U.S Military Attaches and Army Intelligence offices from Europe and the Middle East in Frankfurt. They will probably be subject of further talks to be held between General Lucius Clay, U.S. Military Commander in Germany and the Turkish Chief of Staff, General Salih Omurtak, who has reached the U.S. Zone with nine other Turkish General Staff officers.

Indo-Pak Air Agreement To Be Signed In Karachi

KARACHI, June 20 (A.P.I.): The air agreement recently negotiated between air delegations of Pakistan and India has been ratified by both the Governments and will be signed in Karachi shortly, it was learned.

Pakistan's Minister for Communications, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, will sign on behalf of the Pakistan Government while the Indian High Commissioner in Pakistan, Mr. Sri Prakasa will sign for India.

3 Nizam's Spies Arrested

BEZWADA, June 20 (A.P.I.): Charged with espionage on behalf of the Nizam's Government, two Hyderabad State subjects were arrested here yesterday while they were about to board a train for Hyderabad. The Vigilance Branch of the railway police who made the arrest later recovered some telephone equipment from one of them.

HEAD CONSTABLE AS NIZAM'S SPY

CAWNPORE, June 20 (A.P.I.): The local police arrested a Muslim head constable of Cawnpore, on a charge of pro-Pakistan and pro-Hyderabad propaganda and acting as a spy of the Nizam.

HYDERABAD (Dn.), June 19, (A. P.I.): A Nizam's Government press note alleged today that twelve Gurkhas raided village Velana in Parbhani district, Hyderabad State on the night of June 9 and "broke into the house of Abdul Ghafoor, village Patel, severely assaulted the inmates, destroyed all Government records and stole Rs. 625 in cash as also two bullocks".

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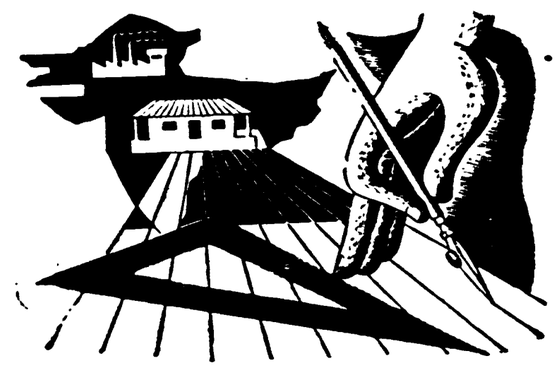

SOLVING the refugee problem

A Development and Rehabilitation Board with very wide executive powers has been constituted to handle the whole refugee problem in the most effective and the swiftest possible manner. The Board will plan for the whole of India and will combine the work of rehabilitation with development.

"I would earnestly request that no further refugees from Pakistan should come to Delhi, as this will not help them in any way. They will merely add to their difficulties as well as ours. It is easier for us to help in other places and we intend to do so. Delhi cannot possibly absorb or accommodate fresh batches of refugees. If fresh batches come, they will have to be sent on to Kurukshetra or other places".
Pt. Nehru
Prime Minister of India.

In this great task of national regeneration and refugee resettlement the Government solicit the co-operation of all the people of India, including the refugees themselves. The refugees can help the Government schemes by resettling in different parts of India and moving out of Delhi which is already crowded. Fresh batches of refugees should not arrive in Delhi because they will not receive any rehabilitation facilities there.

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DEADLOCK ON MARSHALL AID PROGRAMME RESOLVED

Filibustering On Conscription Bill Collapses In Senate

WASHINGTON, JUNE 19 (REUTER): PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S ADMINISTRATION TONIGHT WON A VIRTUAL VICTORY ON THE MARSHALL AID PROGRAMME FOR EUROPE.

THE JOINT SENATE-HOUSE CONFERENCE RESOLVED ITS DEADLOCK ON THE PROGRAMME FUNDS WITH A COMPROMISE GIVING THE PRESIDENT THE FINAL WORD ON HOW TO SPEND THE MONEY.

The Conference agreed that 6,030,710,228 dollars should be spent over 15 months, practically the original recommendation of the House of Representatives, but empowered the President to spend the money in 12 months if he considered necessary.

The House recommendation represented a 26 percent cut in the European Recovery Programme.

Republican leaders agreed tonight to keep Congress in session until 6 a.m. (G.M.T.) Sunday in an effort to clear up remaining legislation—including the Aid Bill.

BILL TO GO BACK TO HOUSE

With the eleventh-hour ending of the deadlock, the bill can now go back to the House before this session ends for the summer adjournment.

The actual figures of the compromise plan are almost the same as those proposed by the House of Representatives. The 6,030,710,228 dollars agreed in the compromise plan is less than one percent higher than the 6,980,710,228 dollars approved by the House, whereas the Senate figure was 6,125,710,228 dollars.

FREE HAND FOR ADMINISTRATION

The fifteen-month period corresponds with the House proposal, as compared with the Senate's twelve months plan. The discretion given to the President to spend the money in twelve months if he believes it necessary, however, means in effect that the Administration has been given a free hand to restore the greater part of the cut

The House proposal would have meant an expenditure, in the first year, of 22 percent less than the Senate proposal. The Compromise proposal—if the President does not exercise his discretion—would mean 21 percent less than the Senate proposal.

If the President does exercise his discretion and spends the money in 12 months, the year's expenditure will be only one point five percent less than that envisaged in the Senate Plan.

The Compromise version in effect, therefore, gives the President the right to choose between the two proposals which give rise to the deadlock.

ANOTHER THREAT AVERTED

Earlier another threat to the approval of E.R.P. during this session was averted when a joint filibuster in the Senate by Senator Glen Taylor (Democrat—Idaho) and Senator William Langer (republican —North) directed against a Conscription Bill was defeated on a manoeuvre. The Senate then approved by voice vote, a draft bill to conscript men aged 19 to 25 for 21 months service. The bill is subject to approval by the House of Representatives.

If the Conscription filibuster had not been broken the danger would have arisen that, with only a few hours to go before the Senate adjourned for its summer recess, until next November, there might not have been time to pass the European recovery legislation, and such a delay might have resulted in the death of the entire programme.

While the filibuster was continuing, however, Senator Arthur Vandenberg, leading architect of E.R.P. and President of the Senate and Mr. Joseph Martin, Speaker of the House, met in private conference to try to settle informally the disagreement between the two Houses version of the E.R.P. Bill.

COMPROMISE PLAN REACHED

As a result of their talks, the full House-Senate Conference Committee was summoned tonight and finally reached its compromise plan on the Foreign Aid Programme.

The New plan will now be immediately presented to Congress for its approval.

Sunday sittings of the United States Congress are not unusual at the end of sessions. They have sat once before on a Sunday this year and the final 1947 sitting necessitated a Sunday meeting.

FEW U. S. ARMS FOR W. EUROPE

WASHINGTON, June 19 (Reuter): The United States has reluctantly decided that it can send only very small quantities of American arms and ammunition to Western European Nations this year, a Government official said here today.

Only a grave European crisis involving Russia could cause the administration to reverse the decision and then only if Congress gave special approval, it was stated. The official acknowledged that the policy would mean serious disappointment to friendly European Governments but the decision reflected the State department's basic belief that Russia planned no direct aggression against any European country during the next 6 months at least. Countries which have appealed for arms include Norway and Den-

STAMP DUTY ON BONDS

NEW DELHI, June 19 (API): The Government of India have recommended to the provincial Governments to favourably consider the question of waiving stamp duty on idemnity bonds for missing scripts of stocks and shares held by refugees and lost in Pakistan for a period of 12 months beginning from 16th August 1947 in the first instance, says a Press Note.

Representations have been received by the Government of India from refugees pointing out the hardship caused by the joint stock companies insistence on payment of advertisement charges, stamp duty and registration fee in those cases where original shares have been lost in Pakistan and duplicates of scrips demanded.

The Government of India appreciate the difficulties of refugees but regret that excepting the levy of the Stamp Duty, other matters are not in their jurisdiction.

Czech Invitation To Two Indian Editors

NEW DELHI, June 19. (API): The Czechoslovak Government have, in consultation with the Government of India and on the recommendation of the A.I.N.E.C., invited Lala Deshbandhu Gupta and Mr. Joachim Alva to attend the Czechoslovakian Sokal festival to be held in Prague from July 1 to 8, 1948, say a press note.

AMRUTANJAN

THE

ATOM BOMB Pain Balm

FUTURE OF SUDAN

Cairo Move To Submit Anglo-Egyptian Differences To International Court

CAIRO, June 20 (Reuter): A recommendation that Egypt should submit Anglo-Egyptian differences on the Sudan to the International Court is made in a note drawn up by a Committee of Experts to be submitted to the Egyptian Cabinet today, it was reliably learned here.

The Cabinet is meeting to consider proposal for the future of the Sudan agreed by the Egyptian Foreign Minister, Ahmed Mohmed Khashaba Pasha and Sir Ronald Campbell, the British Ambassador.

The Sudan Government Gazette yesterday promulgated an Ordinance establishing an executive council and legislative assembly for the Sudan "in accordance with the Government's determination to do everything possible to help the Sudanese towards self-Government".

Appeals Of Mahasabha Leaders Admitted

NEW DELHI, June 19 (API): The Additional Sessions Judge Mr. Maharaj Kishore today admitted the appeals of Mr. V. G. Deshpande, General Secretary, All-India Hindu Mahasabha and three others against their conviction by Mr. P. N. Bhanote, Magistrate, for the contravention on January 27, last of the District Magistrate's order, banning the holding of public meetings in Delhi. They were ordered to be released on bail on their furnishing a security of Rs. 2,000 each in two sureties.

Mr. Deshpande and Prof. Ram Singh, President of the Delhi Hindu Sabha were sentenced to 6 months' rigorous imprisonment while the other two, Mahant Digvijya Nath, President of the U.P. Provincial Hindu Sabha and Gopi Krishna Alias Om Baba to 4 months' rigorous imprisonment for addressing public meeting in Nehru Park Connaught Circus on January 27.

French Adherence To Six-Power Agreement

PARIS, June 19 (Reuter): France notified the British and American Governments today of her adherence to the 6-Power Agreement on Western Germany including currency reform which comes into operation tomorrow.

Arrests For Alleged Pro-Pakistan Propaganda

KANPUR, June 19 (API): Bahadur Khan, proprietor of a local press, Din Mohammed a Daftri and Nur Mohammed, his son, were arrested by the local police following searches of the press and the shop of the Daftri in Machhli Bazar in connection with the alleged publication of pro-Pakistan propaganda literature.

32,000 Refugees In C. P. Camps

NAGPUR, June 19 (API): About 32,000 non-Muslim refugees from Sind and west Punjab have been provided shelter in the five camps in Central Province and Berar it was officially learned here.

While the Government of India have undertaken to bear the expenses of these refugee camps, actual administration of relief to these evacuees and the management of these five camps is the responsibility of the provincial Government.

Three Leaguers Released On Furnishing Security

AHMEDABAD, June 19 (API): Mr. Nizamudin Qureshi, President of the City Muslim League, Mr. H. J. Babroo, Editor of "Inqilab" and Mr. Habibur-Rehman Gaznavi another Muslim leaguer who were detained in Sabarmati Central Jail were released tonight on their furnishing a surety of Rs. 3000 each and undertaking not to leave Ahmedabad district without the permission of the District Magistrate and not to take part in any communal activity.

OOTACAMUND, June 19 (API): Mr. V. I. Muniswami Pillai, Member Constituent Assembly has sent a telegram on behalf of Harijans of India congratulating His Excellency Shri Rajagopalachari on the eve of his assuming office as Governor-General of India. He assures him of his community co-operation and prays for the successful discharge of his responsibilities.

Mine Owners Take Precautions

Measures Against 'Strong Arm Killers'

SINGAPORE, June 18. (Reuter): European mine and estate managers from the Ipoh (Perak) area of Malaya are organising a "sweepstake" among themselves on when, where and against whom the "strong arm killers" will strike next.

None of the dates go beyond the week-end.

People named on the "favourite of tickets" live in the Tapah area, centre of large rubber and mining intests, 40 miles south of Ipoh.

The basis of these fears is the reported movement of men in the nearby forest reserve, where large arms dumps were discovered recently.

Protest Against Shooting On Workers In Enmore

GEORGETOWN (British Guiana), June 19 (Reuter): The East Indian Association, last night, protested against the "unwarranted and shameless massacre of unarmed, defenceless and non-violent workers" at the Enmore sugar estate on the East Coast of Demerara on Wednesday when police fired against strikers.

The protest resolution, which will be forwarded to the Governor for transmission to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, said no warning was given nor was the Riot Act read before the police fired.

Five deaths resulted from the shootings. At midnight, on Friday night, the Governor of British Guiana, Sir Charles Woolley, revoked the proclamation prohibiting assemblies and the carrying of weapons in Georgtown.

Tamil Paper Penalised

MADRAS, June 19, (A.P.I.): The Government have demanded a security of Rs. 2,000 from Mr. A. K. Mani, the Editor and publisher of the Tam il daily "Viduthalai", Madras, under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act for having published in a number of issues of the paper from January to March last, matters of "objectionable nature".

Three Indian Newspaper Delegates Return

BOMBAY, June 20 (API): Mr. Kasturi Srinivasan and Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, members of the Indian newspaper delegation to London, returned to Bombay by an Air India International plane this morning and left for Madras in the afternoon.

Mr. A. S. Bharatan, Deputy General Manager of Reuters and Associated Press of India, also returned to Bombay from London by the same plane.

TEA GARDEN SHARES

Tea is practically India's monopoly produce and the World's finest quality tea is produced by India alone. Next to India Java and China are the other two important tea producing countries. But disturbed conditions in Java as well as China suggest that for a period difficult to measure India will have no near rival in the export trade of tea. Under the circumstances investment in valuable Indian Tea Garden Shares seems to be most sound and profitable. Elsewhere is published an announcement of the Northern India Tea Estates Ltd., which has been formed with an authorised Capital of 10 lacs divided into 30 thousand ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each and 2 thousand 6 per cent tax free pref. Shares of Rs. 100 each. It has completed negotiation with Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., and have already made necessary advance for purchase of the Barajalinga Tea Estates in Assam (Indian Union) at 12 lacs with a granted area of 5390.22 acres of which 2220.71 acres free simple grant. Equipped with up-to-date and scientific Machineries as this garden is, the Company will, it is fervently hoped, be able begin work all at once.

"PM" To Become "New York Star"

NEW YORK, June 19, (U. P. A.): It was announced today that the newspaper "PM" was recently sold by Marshall Field to Joseph Barnes and Bartley Orum who will have the name changed to "New York Star" and undergo changes in appearance starting Wednesday.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, June 19, (Reuter): Prices advanced under the leadership of feed grains on buying inspired by lack of moisture in the Midwest overnight and predictions for generally clear weather in that section over the week-end. Reports that the Army Quartermaster seeking 196,000 bushels of cash oats was an additional stimulant. Meanwhile traders are reluctant to follow advances in wheat owing to expectations of heavy new crop arrivals at the principal terminals on Monday.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 19.

July 2.31-5/8 to 2.31-3/4.
September 2.31-3/8 to 2.31-1/2.
December 2.32-1/8 to 2.32-1/4.
May 2.29 to 2.29.

London, June 19.

London Exchanges, Unchanged. Rest closed.

HAPUR MARKETS

WEEKLY REVIEW

HAPUR, June 17.

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Foodgrains: Despite a distinct improvement in the food grains imports position, markets show no signs of prices declining a bit from the current high levels. On the other hand there is still a tendency to advance upwards. At Hapur for instance wheat price has advanced by nearly a rupee per maund during the week.

Arrivals are disappointing. What little arrives is eagerly sought for by the consumers. There has been no stock building. What is true of wheat is also true of other foodgrains. There should be substantial withholdings of grains in the villages. The U. P. Government have warned the hoarders, but the latter know that there is no going back to food controls.

Here are the current quotations with those ruling on the corresponding date last year in brackets. Wheat 19/- (18/-) gram 12/8 (13/8) barley 11/- (10/-) bejhar 11/4 (10 11) maize 9/- bajri 10; peas 11/4 (11/12) arhar 12; (11/13/6) juwar 14 - and guwar 12/-.

This year's stocks are the lowest on record. Here are the figures: wheat 3, gram 0, barley 161, peas 13, arhar 8, and maize 16 khatties. Last year on the corresponding date we had a stock of 18 khatties of wheat 930 khatties of barley 145 khatties of peas and 110 khatties of arhar.

GUR: The ready section remained quiet. Gur price moved within a few annas range round 12/- Whereas on the corresponding date last year the rate was 15/8. Arrivals now average 1,000 mds. daily, whereas despatches have been maintained at an average of 40 to 50 wagon loads every week.

In the futures section the sentiment is distinctly bearish. The local mandi is predominantly bearish Fagan is now quoted at 9/8 whereas it had closed at 10/4/6 on Thursday last. There are few speculative buyers.

OILSEEDS: The ready section remained quietly steady round 23/-. In the futures section business is at virtual standstill. Jeth delivery is due to settle on the 22nd instant. New future has not been initiated. Taraseed is quoted at 17/8 to 15/-, oilcake at 7/- and oil at 60/- per maund. There is very good spot demand for sarson but arrivals are poor and the stocks not very heavy.

BARDANA:— The futures market remained steady throughout no further advance was recorded. Mills continue to remain indifferent sellers at current levels. Asar is now quoted at 96/12 June at 116/ and ready SBR at 106/. There was moderate speculative turn over.

BULLION:— The market remained extremely steady. Prices are using steadily. The [redacted] of the Hyderabad [redacted] considerable nervousness [redacted] day market [redacted] to suit [redacted] ocks are very [redacted] themselves in a position to squeeze. Upcountry markets are mainly influenced by conditions in Bombay. Silver is presently quoted at 173/6 and gold at 115/8 against 169/12 and 115/4 quoted last weekend.

There has been some unexpected delay in the announcement of the schedule of per unit sales tax on forward transactions in the U.P. This uncertainty is rather annoying to the trade although there is the consolation that the tax will not be realised retrospectively.

The other commodities cement and pertrol have already reached fancy prices. Hundreds of bags of cement are being brought here but alas the small needy man does not get them. They are for the rich for those who can afford to pay 11/- or net about price for one bag. Petrol can be had in any quantity but the price may be anything near 12/ per gallon. Other building material cost index is equally high and is rising daily.

The piecegoods market is passing through difficult time. There has been a distinct fall in the demand. The consumer is no more falling upon anything he sees at any price asked for. He is now inclined to wait. Yet there has been no appreciable fall in prices. A few varieties have of course succumbed to poor demand.

Imports From Iraq

NEW DELHI, June 19 (API)—The Government of India announced on May 10, 1948, that licences for the import of goods from Iran would be granted freely except for these items in respect of which no licences are issued for import, says a press note. It has since been decided to extend this concession to imports from Iraq also, subject to the same exceptions.

TRUMAN'S BID TO AVERT COAL CRISIS

WASHINGTON, June 19 (Reuter)—President Truman took a first step today to head off a possible soft coal strike next month by naming a board of inquiry to look into the dispute over a new work contract between the coal companies and Mr. John L. Lewis, Chief of the United Mineworkers.

IMPORTS & EXPORTS

IMPORTS

S. S. TAHSINIA

To Glasgow:—

100 bags steel nails, 30 loose single lubricator, 867 bags wire nails, 117 cases whisgy, 95 cases electric motors, 340 cases sewing cotton threads on reels; 260 bags cut steel nails, 143 loose E. valves; 112 E. ware silk marble lava trines and closets; 75 bags steel wires; 280 bags steel rivets; 37 bags bolts and nuts.

From Liverpool:—

30 bags walter rivets, 334 ctns. art silk yarn, 32 cases standard saloon; 109 bags broken white glazed tiles, 120 drums catics pitch, 183 ctns. rayon yarn; 100 cases artificial silk yarn 43 cases marble oxides; 25 bdls. wool protector, 60 crates steel rivets; 230 coils galvanized wire sheets, 80 bdls. copper sheets; 300 bdls. yellow metal sheets; 706 ctns. cork slaps; 150 bdls. iron flanges; 139 bags black mild steels washers, 405 leather; finisher; 40 drums boiler composition; 130 kegs gin stores; 40 drums airline colours; 30 drums sodium sulphate; 700 drums bleaching powder; 381 drums sodium hydro sulphite; 300 ctns. sodium sulphate; 700 drums bdls. bowling hooks; 70 cases glass; 70 cases motor cycles; 50 drums hydro sulphite of soda; 200 bags sulphate of copper; 200 drums hydrosulphate; 129 drums crystal; 100 pkgs. weights; 394 cases bolts and nuts; 423 cases textile machinery; 400 boxes salt licks; 250 S. E. ware; 170 bags sulphate of amonia; 100 drums nickles pollels; 369 drums dry airline dye; 575 drums sodium nitrate; 390 bdls. brass rolls, 4013 bdls. steel hoops; 419 drums lubricating oil; 75 pkgs. white S. E. ware; 75 cases insulators; 410 drums dry sodium aluminate, 1016 drums caustic soda; 336 bags calsium carbonate; 182 cases fore bricks, 75 bags cement.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. MEGHNA

To Colombo:—24 bales cotton piece goods—Central Trading C. 12 cases cotton piece goods—M.C. Shah.

S. S. AMRA

To Karachi:—12 cases art silk piece goods—Chandaram and Co. 8 cases cotton hosiery—Indian Hosiery Factory, 81 cases art silk piece goods—H. N. Rangoonwala, 11 cases art silk piece goods—H.N H. Gani and Co. 8 cases art silk piece goods—I.H.S. Gajeem, 8 cases harmless medicine—R. Bedi and Co. Ltd. 5 cases cotton hosiery—Gobinram and Co. 100 cases sugar tubes—H.G.H.V Mohamed, 5 cases imitation jari—K.C. Jariwalla, 31 bales handloom cotton piece goods—A. Gaffar & Co. 35 bales handloom cotton goods—Jaibharat Yarn Trading Co.

S.S. HOUGH SILVER STAR

To Sydney—53 bales cotton piece

S. S. KING EDGER

To Rangoon — 40 Cases aluminium goods—Italian Cotton Co. Ltd.

To Melbourne—17 bales cotton piece goods—Italian Cotton Co Ltd.

S S. CANARA

T. Sydney—25 jottas joggo dry— R. Patel and Sons.

S.S. MARINE FLIER

To Alexandra—11 cases rubber balloons—S. Shah and Co. 676 bags gum Karaya—K. M. Mathoo.

ware—C. E. Surtee & Sons, 150 bales glazed worting paper—V. Paper Ltd. 5 bales woolen socks 12 bales woolen blnkets — R. Jwalladitt 11 Cases Cattle fish bones—D. Gokaldas 380 bales cotton Blankets—Bombay Dyeing and mfg. Co. Ltd.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi—400 Cases sugar Cakes A. H. Shariff 100 Cases sugar Cakes, H. E. H. Vali Omar. 200 Cases sugar cakes. A. L. Mohamad.

S. S. JALMOHAN

To London—80 bags sandal wood Chips—R. D. Khurna and Co.

S. S. DUMRA

To Bahrin—13 bales Cotton waste —The Bombay textile waste Co.

To ~Karachi—18 bales vegetable tanned buffalo hide—A. Abdulali.

BY AIR

To Karachi — 28 28 package art silk C thread B. Elahi.

S. S. CEYLON

To Stockholsy—100 bags fenel seeds —G. Dosso and Co.

To Gothenbwg—100 bags fennel seeds—G. Dosso and Co.

Import Of Technical Personnel From Germany

BOMBAY, June 19. (A.P.I.): Mr K. S. Hirlekar, Joint Secretary to the Indian Trade Delegation to Germany, left for Paris by air this evening on the first stage of his journey. The seven-man delegation, which is to study the possibility of obtaining capital goods from Germany for India and offer Indian raw products to Germany, will also later visit France and Czechoslovakia at the invitation of the Governments of the two countries.

The leader of the Delegation, Mr. L. K. Jha, who is already in London and other members—both officials and non-officials—are scheduled to assemble in Paris on June 24 and draw up their itinerary.

Mr Hirlekar, who on return from a visit to Germany last year sent a memorandum to the Government of India on the availability of capital goods in Germany and on the need for reviving Indo-German trade, told the press before his departure this evening that India being anxious to develop her present industries and start new ones, the delegation would negotiate not only the import of capital goods but also of technical personnel from Germany.

NO. 9 OF A SERIES

A vision, not of a visionary!

With the dawn of freedom, the entire industrial India stands on the threshold of a new era—an era that will soon witness great strides in the planning, consolidation and expansion of indigenous enterprises.

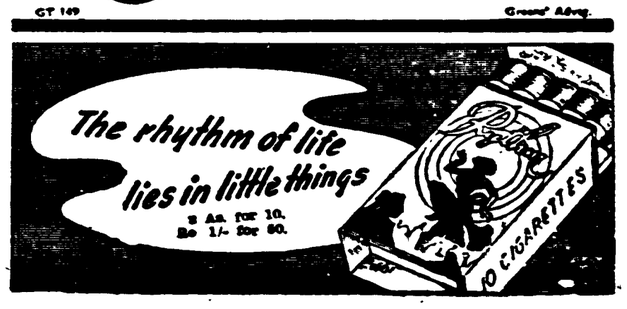
In the years to come, the tobacco industry of our country too will forge ahead and attain its full stature. As a result of foreign rule in the past, the industry has been greatly hindered in its growth. Despite plenty of raw material and a potential home market, the industry has not attained its rightful place!

But in a free country the picture will soon change and the tobacco industry will eventually grow into a major industry of national importance.

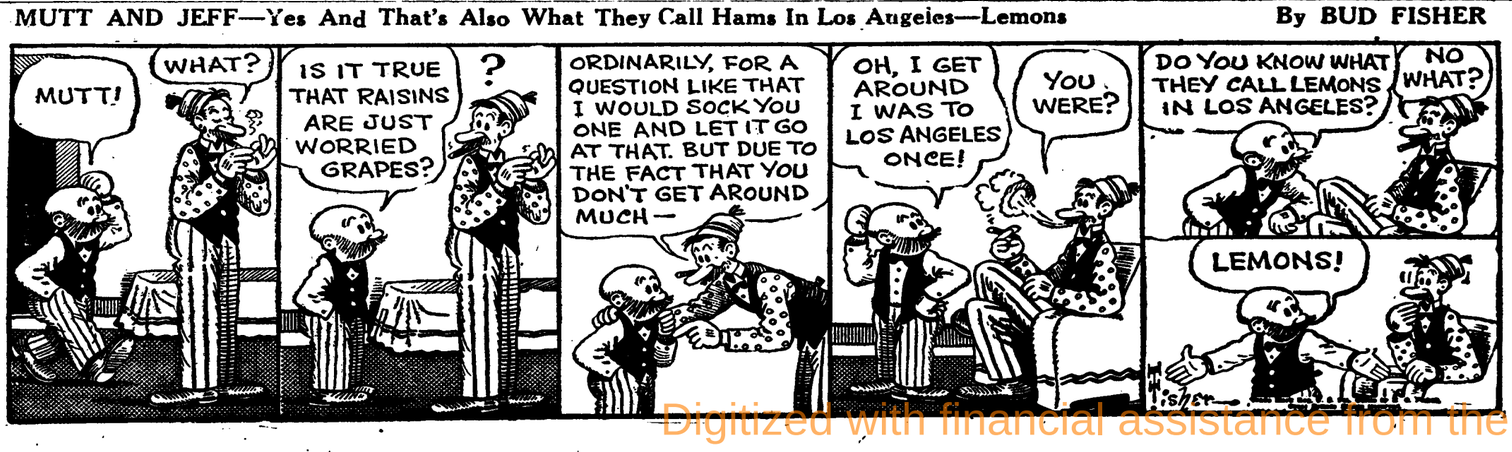
GTC GOLDEN TOBACCO COMPANY

India's Largest National Enterprise of its Kind

GT 149 Grant Adv.



MUTT AND JEFF—Yes And That's Also What They Call Hams In Los Angeles—Lemons By BUD FISHER


MUTT!
WHAT?
IS IT TRUE THAT RAISINS ARE JUST WORRIED GRAPES?
?
ORDINARILY, FOR A QUESTION LIKE THAT I WOULD SOCK YOU ONE AND LET IT GO AT THAT. BUT DUE TO THE FACT THAT YOU DON'T GET AROUND MUCH—
OH, I GET AROUND I WAS TO LOS ANGELES ONCE!
YOU WERE?
DO YOU KNOW WHAT THEY CALL LEMONS IN LOS ANGELES?
NO WHAT?
LEMONS!
Fisher

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The Bombay Chronicle

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'GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH' OPENS TODAY

U. S. Republicans To Choose Presidential Candidate

PHILADELPHIA, June 20 (Reuter): The Republican Party National Convention, billed as "The greatest show on earth" will meet here tomorrow to select the Party's candidate for November's Presidential election radios Reuter's correspondent.

Delegates from all fortyeight States will gather in the old United States capital for what is expected to be one of the most dramatic fights in America's colourful political history.

One man dominates the conversations and manoeuvres of the swarms of delegates, newspaper men and politicians pouring into the city for the Convention—and he is not even a declared candidate for nomination.

He is Senator Arthur Vandenberg, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and one of the main architects of American foreign policy and of the European Recovery Programme.

LEADING CANDIDATES

Leading candidates for the nomination are:

1. Pre-war gang-buster Governor Thomas E. Dewey, of New York. Republican candidate defeated by Franklin Roosevelt in the 1944 Presidential election, Mr. Dewey starts next week the largest number of delegates pledged to vote for his nomination again.

2. Veteran Republican Senate leader Robert Taft, of Ohio. Son of a former President of the United States, and favourite of the elder Conservative wing of the Party. Senator Taft is not very popular with the younger rank and file who regard him as an old-fashioned reactionary in domestic affairs and an isolationist at heart in the foreign field. Trade unionists hate him for his share in the Taft-Hartley anti-strike legislation.

3. Fortyone-year old Harold Stassen, from Minnesota. Former State Governor, and ex-servicemen of World War Two, he is the pride and hope of the young Republicans and a self-styled liberal and internationalist.

4. Dramatic war hero General Douglas MacArthur, who is not expected to have the slightest chance of nomination.

The Convention organisers expect the delegates to get down to the major task of voting for the presidential candidate next Thursday.

COMPENSATION TO ZAMINDARS

Madras To Pay Twelve Crores

TRICHY, June 19 (A.P.I.): Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Revenue Minister Madras Government, disclosed here today that Madras will be incurring an expenditure of Rs. 12 crores towards payment of compensation to zamindars alone.

Government had previouely worked out the compensation payable at Rs. ten crores, he said, but the Select Committee appointed to go into the question of abolition of zamindaris in the Province had carried out the instructions of the Congress High Command and recommended increased compensation.

POPE ON CATHOLIC ACTION IN INDIA

VATICAN CITY, June 19 (Reuter) —The Pope has sent a letter to Monsignor Ludovico Mathias, Archbishop of Madras and the Indian Catholic Episcopate, concerning Catholic action in India.

The Pope says: "Your dear country has arrived at a decisive point. A new era has begun. The torch of liberty and justice has warmed the hearts and aroused the minds of your dear people in their newly won independence. In these moments so grave for your history wherein problems of national interest are being solved, it is of paramount importance that the faithful entrusted to your care may make a worthy contribution to the future.

Dr. Hyder On Pakistan Stand At Ooty Conference

KARACHI, June 19 (API): The Pakistan point of view on the issue of foreign capital loans at the Ooty Conference was neither against nor in favour but, Pakistan would welcome any foreign loan on purely a "commercial basis," said Dr. L. K. Hyder, leader of the Pakistan delegation to the last ECAFE Session at a Press conference here today.

Dr. Hyder added that the Pakistan delegation strongly put forth its views on foreign capital issue and declared at the Conference that Pakistan did not want foreign capital which was detrimental to the National interests of the country. Asiatic countries had had very bitter experience of the economic sanctions imposed by European countries in the past.

Passports Issued For Malaya And Singapore

NEW DELHI, June 19 (A.P.I.): All persons desirous of proceeding to the Federation of Malaya and (or) the colony of Singapore should, according to the latest regulations, possess valid passports issued by the passport issuing authorities in India or certificates of identity issued by the Immigration authorities of those Governments says a press note.

'Missing Indians Safe In Viet Minh'

NEW DELHI, June 19 (API): News has been received of the recovery of 38 Indians (all but one of whom belong to the Tanjore District) who had been missing in Northern Indo-China since the end of 1946, when the area in which they were living was captured by Viet Minh forces.

The Viet Minh authorities escorted these persons out of their territory and they were received by representatives of the British consulate at Hanoi.

It is understood that they were well looked after by the Viet Minh authorities and that none of them intends to return to India immediately.

NEXT A.I.C.C. SESSION Andhra P.C.C.'s Invitation

MADRAS, June 20, (API): The Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, it is learnt, has sent a telegram to the General Secretary of the All India Congress Committee inviting the next session of the Congress to Andhradesa.

Sind Government Take Over Municipalities

HINDU EXODUS CAUSES BREAKDOWN

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 18.

With the superseding now of the Tando Mohamed Khan Municipality for a period of three years, most of the 26 municipalities in Sind are at present under suspension.

It will be recalled most of these Municipalities had a majority of Hindu members since they formed a good majority in most of the cities and big towns all over the province.

With the partition of the country and consequent exodus of Hindus from Sind, the administration of the Municipalities became one of chaos and therefore these have been superseded one by one and their control taken over by Government who have appointed special administrators for the purpose.

ORIENT AND PAK AIR LINES

Schedule Of Service Operations

KARACHI, June 19, (A.P.I.): Orient Airways and Pak Airlines will operate the following scheduled services from July 1, 1948.

Orient Airways: Karachi-Quetta-Lahore (twice a week): Karachi-Lahore-Rawalpindi-Peshawar (three times a week): Karachi-Delhi-Allahabad (non-traffic stop)—Calcutta-Dacca-Chittagong (three times a week): Karachi-Ahmedabad-Bombay —three times a week): Karachi-Quetta-Zahiddan (Dudabad)—Meshed-Teheran (once a week): Calcutta-Dacca (daily): Dacca-Chittagong-Sylhet (daily): Calcutta-Chittagong (daily): Chittagong-Akyab-Rangoon (daily):

These services will be operated with Dakota aircraft in the first instance.

Pak Air Services: Karachi-Lahore (daily): Karachi-Delhi (daily): Lahore-Delhi (daily): Lahore-Rawalpindi-Peshawar (three times a week): Karachi-Bombay-Colombo (three times a week): Karachi-Calcutta-Rangoon-Singapore (three times a week): Karachi-Cairo via intermediate points to be agreed (twice weekly).

Anniversary Of Rani Of Jhansi

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, June 18

Messrs. Vishwanath Khode, Nandlal Joshi Radhelal Vyas and Kashinath Trivedi, Ministers of the Madhya Bharat (Central India) Union, addressed a public meeting in the Chowk last night in connection with the death anniversary of Rani Laxmibai of Jhansi. The meeting was presided over by Shri Ramniwas Bangur, of the local Congress chief.

GANDHI MEMORIAL STAMPS

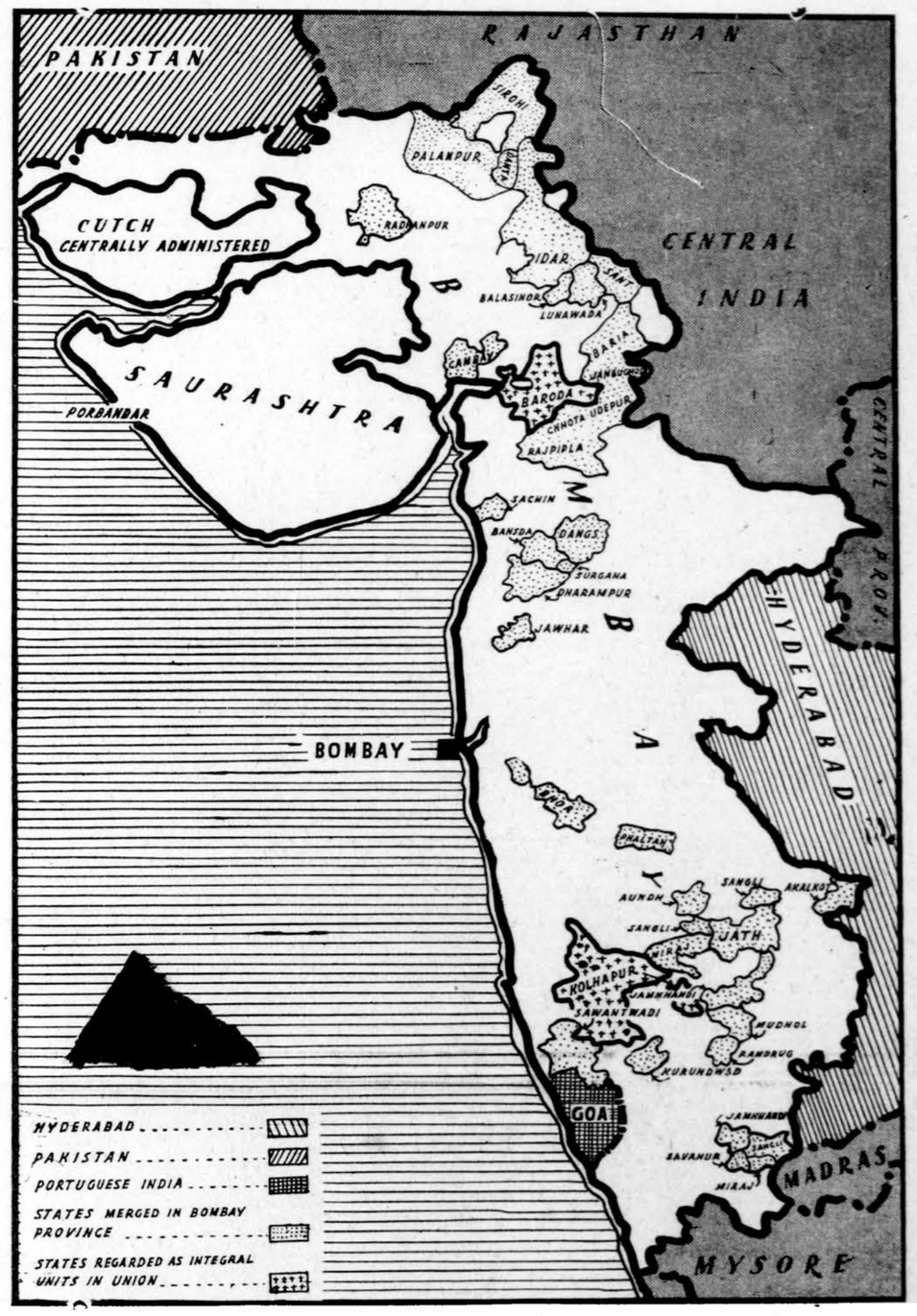
NEW DELHI, June 19:—It is learnt that over three crores of Gandhi Memorial stamps will be printed and issued. They will be put on sale on the occasion of the first anniversary of the Indian Independence Day.

The three lower values, viz 1½ annas, 3½ annas and 12 annas, will have the same portrait of Mahatma Gandhi while a different portrait will be used for the double coloured Rs. 10 stamp. The 12 anna stamp will be in sepia brown, the 3½ annas in bluish purple and the 12 annas in dark green.

Five million 1½ annas stamps have already reached India. They have the words "Bapu" in Hindi and Urdu script on top left and right and "India Postage" on bottom panel. Above the panel appear the words Mahatm Gandhi" and "2 Oct. 1869-30 Jan. 194" and the denomination.

The stamps, which have been printed in Switzerland by protogravure process, are keenly awaited by philatelists and the general public.

UNITS OF INDIAN UNION—I—BOMBAY



Accession to the Indian Union or merger with provinces is the order of the day in Indian States. Sardar Patel has wrought a miracle, by reducing pockets of feudalism and making states line up with free India. With the merger of Deccan and Gujarat States, the land-mark of Bombay Province has considerably changed.

The Deccan States, consisting of: Akalkot, Aundh, Bhor, Jamkhandi, Jath, Kurundwad (Jr.), Kurundwad (Sr.), Miraj (Sr.), Miraj (Jr.), Mudhol, Phaltan, Ramdurg, Sangli, Savanur, Sawantwadi, and Wadi Jagir, have enlarged Bombay Presidency, with an area of 7,815 sq. miles, a population of 16.93 lakhs, and a revenue of 142.15 lakhs of rupees, by their merger with Bombay on March 8th.

The merger of 18 full jurisdictional Gujerat states of Balasinor, Bansda, Baria, Cambay, Chota Udepur, Dharampur, Jauhar, Lunawda, Rajpipla, Sachin, Sant, Idar, Radhanpur, Vijaynagar, Danta, Palanpur, Jambhughoda, Sirohi and the semi-jurisdictional and non-jurisdictional thanas, estates and talukas of Gujerat, has increased the provincial area by 27,079 sq. miles, with a teeming population of 26.24 lakhs and a revenue of Rs. 165 lakhs.

The above map shows the new geographical and political set-up after the recent mergers.

NEW VIOLATION OF POTSDAM AGREEMENT

Soviet Broadcasting Propaganda Against New Currency In W. Germany

BERLIN, June 20 (Reuter): Germans in the three Western zones were Reichsmarks for the new Deutsche marks—now the only legal tender.

The Russians, fearing a flood of Reichsmarks into the eastern zone where they are still valid, were keeping their zonal border firmly sealed to all except freight and air traffic.

At Helmstedt, British border post on the road from the West to Berlin, six British light tanks of the military police were helping to prevent illegal crossing.

LIGHTING CIGARETTES WITH OLD NOTES!

In the stranded capital of Berlin—not included in currency reform—the black market was almost empty as uncertain western sector residents tried to buy up anything of value. In the American Zone capital of Frankfurt, people were seen lighting cigarettes with old notes.

5,000 SMUGGLERS ARRESTED

Early reports said already some 5,000 German currency smugglers have been arrested by the Russian and German Frontier police since the Currency Reform for the Western Zones was announced on Friday. Some of the smugglers who had been crossing the zonal border to bring their devalued old marks into the Soviet Zone, where they will remain valid, were carrying as much as 400,000 marks (about £10,000), the reports added.

Fears of unemployment were widespread in north-west Germany and the Ruhr. It was expected that many firms would have to lay off workers engaged when money was very near meaningless.

Marshall Vassili Sokolovsky, Soviet Zone Commander, was reported to have taken the advice of his German Economic Council to postpone East Germany Currency reform until Berlin's position was cleared up.

The Berlin City Assembly discussed the reform at a special session last night and rejected "any integration of Berlin in the currency reform of any single zone". It pledged itself to do everything possible to maintain the four-Power status of the city.

All German radio stations under Soviet Control were meanwhile broadcasting propaganda against the new currency.

GERMANS IN THE WEST 'DUPED'

Leipzig Radio used such terms as 'dollar hyenas' 'quislings' 'disgusting German monopoly capitalists' and was broadcasting an almost continuous series of talks telling the Germans in the West they have been "duped".

Dresden Radio said: "It is up to the really democratic forces to make a most passionate protest against this new violation of the Potsdam Agreement".

REFUGEES MUST BE COMPENSATED

Evacuees' Plea For Settlement With Pakistan Government

SIMLA, June 19 (API)—A settlement with the Pakistan Government of terms relating to the exchange and recovery of movable and immovable property to allot immediately the property of Muslim evacuees proportionately to the value of property left by the evacuees in the West Punjab was demanded in one of the resolutions passed at a public meeting today of the evacuees from West Punjab. Sardar Naunihalsingh, a refugee landlord, presided.

Another resolution urged both the Government of India and the East Punjab to effect permanent settlement of agricultural land immediately and suggested that each refugee should be compensated to the full extent of his loss.

The imposition of tax on the entire population of the Indian Dominion or capital levy to compensate refugees for the excess property abandoned was suggested in another resolution.

The meeting urged expeditious recovery of abducted women from the West Punjab and called upon the Government of India to fill fifty per cent vacancies in service in the next five years by recruiting refugees.

It was decided that a deputation should wait on both the Prime Ministers of India and the Premier of the East Punjab to place the refugees' viewpoint before them.

CALCUTTA, June 19, (UPI): The Congress of Universities in the British Empire is meeting for a five-day session at Bristol University on July 19. This is the first session of the Congress to be held after the last war.

Evatt Defends Australia's Immigration Policy

NEED FOR CLOSER CO-OPERATION WITH SOUTH E. ASIA AND PACIFIC STRESSED

CANBERRA, June 19 (Reuter)—Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian Minister for External Affairs, in a statement today, defending Australia's immigration policy, said it was "essential Australia should have the maximum degree of co-operation and understanding with the people of South-East Asia and the Pacific."

"At the same time such co-operation and understanding must be based on mutual respect for fundamental policies, governments and peoples concerned", he declared.

"The recent outburst against Australian Immigration policy from certain Malayan quarters shows undoubtedly that some extremist forces are ready to seize any weapons to discourage co-operation in trade and other matters with Australia.

"The so-called Malayan incident with its criticisms of Australian Immigration policy shows the need for closer co-operation between Australia and Britain in South-East Asia."

INCIDENT IN MALAYA

Dr. Evatt said: "It was only in the Malayan zone that any misunderstanding arose over Australia's Immigration policy.

Dr. Sutan Sjahrir, the Indonesian Republican leader, and other leaders in South-East Asia have indicated that in principle Australia's policy is justifiable and fully understood.

"Australia's policy is in strict line with the fundamental right claimed by every nation to determine the composition of its own people. In some quarters, unfortunately, criticism of the application of the policy easily led to the deliberate misunderstanding of established immigration laws and practices.

"If those laws had been departed from before the war Australia might easily have been overrun by the Japanese in 1942", Dr. Evatt added.

'WHITE AUSTRALIA' POLICY

Last year a number of Malayans who had come to Australia during the war and had married Australian women were ordered to leave the country because of the "White Australia" policy. This led to much criticism of Australia in Malaya.

An Australian Goodwill Mission is now touring South-East Asia, distributing educational and relief supplies and scholarships.

The "White Australia" policy will not permit persons of non-European origin or birth to remain permanently in Australia.

Menon Visits Indian Sloops

Achilles To Be Handed Over On July 5

SHEERNESS (Kent), June 19 (Reuter)—The High Commissioner for India, Mr. V. K Krishna Menon, today visited the Royal Indian Navy sloops Cauvery and Kistna lying in Sheerness harbour.

The two sloops, which left Bombay on May 19, brought with them Indian naval personnel who will man the British cruiser Achilles when she is turned over to the Royal Indian Navy shortly. The Achilles, which distinguished herself with the Ajax in the River Plate Battle early in the last war, was anchored in Sheerness harbour and the High Commissioner had a good view of her.

The two sloops were built in Britain and carried out trials with the home fleet in 1943 after which they went to Indian waters. They leave Sheerness for Chatham on Monday. After completing her trials at Sheerness the Achilles will go to Chatham for the handing over ceremony, which is fixed for July 5.

NEW S. AFRICAN PARLIAMENT

Budget Session To Discuss Double Nationality Bill

JOHANNESBURG, June 20 (Reuter)—Consideration of the budget will be one of the first tasks of the new South African Parliament when it assembles on August 6.

Its first meeting has been delayed until this date to enable Mr. N. J. Havenga, the Minister of Finance, to prepare a new draft of what the Government considers essential at this stage—a first popular budget.

Other matters include a plan for the reimposition of import control, the Union's deceased gold reserves, and the urgent need to devote the country's limited dollar holdings to the acquisition of essential imports.

The Government may also decide to proceed with a bill conferring double nationality on citizens of the Commonwealth, similar to the proposals laid before the British Parliament.

NO NATIONALISATION OF ESTATES IN CEYLON

Concentration On Internal Problems Needed, Says Premier

COLOMBO, June 19 (Reuter) : Mr. D. S. Senanayake, Ceylon Premier, said today that while Ceylon must give some thought to defence and external affairs problems, circumstances in the country favoured concentration on internal problems.

Mr. Senanayake was addressing more than hundred delegates of his United Nationalist Party, which holds the majority in the government.

Referring to the Country's limited resources, the Premier said that the "wild theories of amateur planners" would not produce industries.

Limited resources should be spent not in raising the standard of living but in giving unemployment relief, preventing starvation and stopping epidemics.

The Premier said it was impracticable to confiscate all estates to form peasant holdings or to nationalise estates. Such a course would not be economical, he said, and would cripple the export trade.

OPPOSITION CRITICISED

Charging the opposition with being "completely irresponsible", Because they knew there was no chance of their forming a government, the Premier said that in Ceylon instead of opposition they had a collection of petty groups fighting each other and the government. He hoped that in due course they would find genuine opposition arising which could appeal to the country with a sensible programme different from theirs.

AMPHIBIOUS JEEP MISSING

U. S. Coastguard To Begin Full-Scale Search

NEW YORK, June 20 (Reuter)—Two army bombers were beginning a search today for the amphibious jeep in which Major Benjamin Carlin, of Perth, Australia, and his American wife, are trying to sail to the Azores on first leg of their proposed round-the-world trip.

Although the craft is fitted with a shortwave radio, but no message has been received from them since they left New York harbour last Wednesday.

If the bombers fail to sight them today, the coastguard will begin a full-scale search by air and sea.

SOVIET ARRESTS ANTON MAREK

Charge Of Espionage Against Occupation Force

VIENNA, June 19 (Reuter): Soviet authorities today disclosed the arrest of an Austrian chief inspector, Anton Marek, for "organising espionage against Soviet occupation troops". Austrians said he "disappeared" while tracking kidnappers. Tass, official Soviet news agency, stated "several other high officials of the Austrian Ministry of the Interior" were also involved and proceedings would be taken against them.

Minister of the Interior, Ferdinand Graf, declared; "The Russians are employing a subtle system of force and brutality, but we shall meet this threat from the East with both our fists in self-defence."

TORIES COLLECT ONE MILLION POUNDS

Party's Fighting Fund

LONDON (I.P.S.): The Tory Party has just reached the target of raising £1,000,000 for the party's political Fighting Fund. The party has undertaken the new campaign for raising membership from one million to two millions, and step up propaganda. Lord Woolton, the chairman of the party is directing the propaganda.

London Dock Workers' Strike Position

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter)—The Transport Workers Union local committee for the Port of London today called on the 15,000 dockers whose strike has paralysed the port to resume work tomorrow. Similar appeals by Trade Union and Government leaders have so far failed to end the week-old stoppage affecting 121 ships with an estimated 15,000,000 sterlings worth of cargo.

The dispute resulted from a protest by the dockers against the punishment meted out to eleven of their fellow workers who refused to load zinc oxide without extra 'dirty cargo' pay.

Marathon Athletics Record

LONDON, June 19 (Reuter): J. T. Holden (Tipton Harriers) the amateur Athletic Association Marathon Champion, won the Polytechnic Marathon over a course from the grounds of Windsor Castle to Echswich today in a record field of 144, covering the distance in two hours 36 minutes 44.6 seconds.

Classes For Ahmedabad Textile Workers

AHMEDABAD, June 19 (API)—The Textile Labour Association has decided to open classes for textile workers for teaching various subjects such as history, geography, mathematics, sociology, etc. on the lines of the university extension scheme. These classes will work for about four hours on Sundays when mills are closed.

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